

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY **COUNTY OF TULARE**

AGENDA ITEM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

ALLEN ISHIDA District One

PETE VANDER POEL District Two

> PHILLIP A COX District Three

J. STEVEN WORTHLEY District Four

> MIKE ENNIS District Five

January 29, 2013 AGENDA DATE:

	Public Hearing Required Y	'es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	Scheduled Public Hearing w/Clerk Y	es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	Published Notice Required Y	'es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	Advertised Published Notice Y	'es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	Meet & Confer Required Y	'es		N/A	\boxtimes	
	Electronic file(s) has been sent Y	'es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	Budget Transfer (Aud 308) attached Y	'es		N/A	\boxtimes	
	Personnel Resolution attached Y	'es		N/A	\boxtimes	
	Agreements are attached and signature li	ine	for Chair	rman	is marked	with
	tab(s)/flag(s)	'es	\boxtimes	N/A		
	CONTACT PERSON: Celeste Perez PHON	IE:	624-7010			
- 1						

SUBJECT:

Approval of Environmental Documents for Earlimart Neighborhood

Park Project

REQUEST(S):

That the Board of Supervisors:

- (1) Hold a Public Hearing at 9:30 a.m. on January 29, 2013, to consider certification and adoption of the proposed Negative Declaration for the Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project;
- (2) Certify and adopt the Negative Declaration as being complete, adequate and in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act and the State California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines;
- (3) Authorize the Environmental Assessment Officer, or designee, to sign and file the Notice of Determination with the County Clerk; and
- (4) Authorize the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, or designee (e.g., Environmental Assessment Officer), to sign the California Environmental Quality Act Compliance Certification Form.

SUMMARY:

On June 21, 2011, the County of Tulare and the Earlimart School District (District) entered into a Joint Powers Agreement, to clarify the potential roles in the future development of the Earlimart Neighborhood Park.

On March 26, 2012, the California State Parks Office of Grants and Local Services

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(OGALS) awarded the County and the Earlimart School District a \$2,153,900 grant for design, construction, operation, use, and maintenance of the Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project.

As part of this award, compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) was required; and as part of the CEQA process, Tulare County was designated the Lead Agency in the affected Joint Powers Agreement (JPA).

Specifically, Paragraph 5.g. of the JPA states as follows:

For purposes of administering any/all required activities in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act, referred to as "CEQA", COUNTY is hereby designated as lead agency and will prepare and sign off on all necessary and appropriate documentation. The COUNTY shall obtain all required CEQA certifications within one year of PROGRAM grant award by the STATE.

For reference, a copy of the JPA is contained in Attachment "A."

As required by CEQA, the County is acting as the lead agency for the Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project, and as such, the proposed Negative Declaration must be approved before the project may proceed. See Attachment "B."

In terms of project timing, the OGALS Grant Administration Guide directs that the CEQA process be completed and submitted by or before the contract liquidation date, notably, March 25, 2013 in this case. Once the State receives the required CEQA documentation, the County will enter into the Final Contract.

Additionally, through the JPA, the County is responsible for all pre-construction activities, the design and development of project plans and specifications, and the construction of the Earlimart Neighborhood Park.

The JPA also provides that the District is responsible for the maintenance, ownership, use and operation of the completed recreational facility.

The Park will be constructed on approximately 4.5 acres of District owned property located at 949 E. School Ave. The deliverables for this Park project include the following:

- a. Construct a new pathway system and picnic facilities,
- b. Construct new multi-use event area,
- c. Construct new children's play area,
- d. Construct new open turf play area,
- e. Construct new gateway features, community art and security fencing, and

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f. Construct new drought resistant landscaping and biofiltration swale.

The Draft Conceptual Park Plan is contained in Attachment "C."

Ultimately, construction must be completed by December 31, 2018, and, thereafter, the State will review the Final Grant Completion Packet, conduct a final site inspection, and process final payments through the State Controller's Office before June 30, 2019.

The Negative Declaration was prepared by the Environmental Planning Division of the Resource Management Agency. The findings in the Negative Declaration conclude that the Project would not result in any significant impacts to the environment.

Accordingly, your Board is being asked to certify and adopt the Negative Declaration as being complete, adequate and in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act and the State California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines (Attachment "B"); authorize the Environmental Assessment Officer, or designee, to sign and file the Notice of Determination (Attachment "D"); and authorize the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, or designee (e.g., Environmental Assessment Officer) to sign the California Environmental Quality Act Compliance Certification Form (Attachment "E").

FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING:

Preparation of the Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project environmental review process is a grant eligible expense and will be charged to Budget No. 001-230-4358. There is no net County cost to the General Fund.

LINKAGE TO THE COUNTY OF TULARE STRATEGIC BUSINESS PLAN:

The County's five-year strategic plan includes the Quality of Life Initiative to promote public health and welfare, educational opportunities, natural resource management and continued improvement of environmental quality. This grant will promote greatly needed recreational and cultural opportunities in the low income unincorporated community of Earlimart. It will further promote healthy physical activities in this small community.

ADMINISTRATIVE SIGN-OFF:

Michael C. Spata
Assistant Director - Planning

cc: Auditor-Controller

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Project

DATE: January 29, 2013

County Counsel

County Administrative Office (2)

Attachments:

"A" -- Joint Powers Agreement

"B" -- Negative Declaration

"C" - Draft Conceptual Park Plan

"D" - Notice of Determination

"E" -- CEQA Compliance Certification

BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE MATTER OF APPROVAL OF ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS FOR EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK PROJECT	
UPON MOTION OF SUPERVISO	OR, SECONDED BY
SUPERVISOR	_, THE FOLLOWING WAS ADOPTED BY THE
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, AT AN C	PFFICIAL MEETING HELD <u>JANUARY 29, 2013,</u>
BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:	
AYES: NOES: ABSTAIN: ABSENT:	
ATTEST:	JEAN M. ROUSSEAU COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER/ CLERK, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
BY:	Deputy Clerk
* * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * *

- 1. Held a Public Hearing at 9:30 a.m. on January 29, 2013, to consider certification and adoption of the proposed Negative Declaration for the Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project;
- 2. Certified and adopted the Negative Declaration as being complete, adequate and in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act and the State California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines;
- 3. Authorized the Environmental Assessment Officer, or designee, to sign and file the Notice of Determination with the County Clerk; and
- 4. Authorized the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, or designee (e.g., Environmental Assessment Officer), to sign the California Environmental Quality Act Compliance Certification Form.

ATTACHMENT "A"

Joint Powers Agreement

JOINT EXERCISE OF POWERS AGREEMENT FOR CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, USE AND MAINTENANCE OF Earlimart Recreational Facility

THIS AGREEMENT, made and entered into as of this 21 day of _______, 2011, between the COUNTY OF TULARE, referred to as "COUNTY" and the EARLIMART SCHOOL DISTRICT, referred to as "DISTRICT";

WHEREAS, the State of California, referred to as "STATE," has released a second round of grand funding for the Statewide Park Program, referred to as "PROGRAM;" and

WHEREAS, the DISTRICT has full control and ownership of the property, which is within its DISTRICT limits, referred to as "PROPERTY," on which the recreational facility will be developed and intends to utilize the PROPERTY for this purpose; and

WHEREAS, the COUNTY will submit an application for PROGRAM grant funds on behalf of the DISTRICT to construct the Earlimart Park, hereinafter referred to as a "recreational facility" for the purposes of this Agreement, on the PROPERTY; and

WHEREAS, the COUNTY will be developing a recreational facility on the PROPERTY with PROGRAM grant funds; and

WHEREAS, COUNTY and DISTRICT each have the power and authority, individually, to undertake the development, construction, operation, and maintenance of such a recreational facility; and

WHEREAS, COUNTY and DISTRICT have determined and concluded that it is more economical and reasonable for the two said public entities to jointly develop, construct, operate, and maintain such a facility; and

WHEREAS, COUNTY and DISTRICT have each determined that it would be most beneficial to the residents and tax payers of each such public entity if they were to jointly develop such a facility; and

WHEREAS, Government Code sections 6500 et. Seq. authorize COUNTY and DISTRICT to enter a joint exercise of powers agreement; and

WHEREAS, both COUNTY and DISTRICT have a common power under section 6500 et seq. of the California Government Code, to enter into and carry out the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

WHEREAS, DISTRICT has authority under Education Code section 10900 et. seq. to organize, promote, and conduct programs of community recreation, establish systems of playgrounds and recreation, and to acquire, construct, maintain, and operate recreation centers.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS AGREED as follows:

- 1. COUNTY and DISTRICT enter into this Joint Powers Agreement for the specific purpose of developing, constructing, operating and maintaining a recreational facility to be commonly known as the Earlimart Recreational Facility, on certain real property approximately 4.5 acres in size and located at the northeast corner of the intersection of Elm Road and School Avenue more particularly identified in Exhibit "A", referred to as "PROPERTY," attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference. The total recreation site and the specific portion to which this Agreement applies are particularly identified in said Exhibit. The specific roles of the COUNTY and DISTRICT regarding developing, constructing, operating, and maintaining are further explained in this Agreement.
- 2. TERM: This Agreement will become effective contingent upon receipt of PROGRAM grant funds by the County from the STATE and will remain in full force and effect until thirty years thereafter. This Agreement may be renewed beyond the original thirty year term as required by the STATE at the end of the current term upon written agreement by both parties.
- 3. NO SEPARATE ENTITY CREATED: There will be no separate and distinct public entity created pursuant to this Agreement, but rather the parties will jointly undertake certain activities as specified herein and will specifically designate, to one or the other of the parties, the obligations and responsibility of certain other activities pursuant to this Agreement, as more specifically set forth herein below.
- 4. RECREATIONAL FACILITIES: Said facilities shall consist, primarily, of playground apparatus area, barbeques, pavilions, sidewalks, walking path, lighting, vegetation, and needed off site improvements, but may include such additional active or passive recreational facilities as the parties may deem appropriate and necessary.

5. COUNTY AND DISTRICT RESPONSIBILITIES:

- a) COUNTY shall be primarily responsible for the design and development of plans and specifications for said facilities, through the use of its own staff and employees and contract consultants. To the extent required, any construction facilities shall comply with the Field Act (California Education Code sections 17280 et. seq. and 17365 et. seq.) All such plans and specifications will be reviewed and approved by DISTRICT before being prepared in final version.
- b) Upon completion of plans and specifications and their approval by COUNTY and DISTRICT, it shall be COUNTY's responsibility to undertake construction, either by its own employees or through a public bidding and construction process as is appropriate, of all said facilities. All costs associated with developing and constructing the recreational facility, including planning, engineering, inspection, administration, construction, etc., incurred by the COUNTY shall be reimbursed with PROGRAM grant funds by the STATE. The COUNTY shall not contribute locally-controlled funds to any costs associated with the development or construction of the recreational facility.

- c) To the extent that construction of any of the said recreational facilities is required to be put out to public bid, the laws and regulations applicable to a public works project of the COUNTY shall apply and the COUNTY shall be responsible for the preparation and issuance of bid documents incorporating the plans and specifications, the review of bids submitted, and the award of contract. All such bid documents, shall be reviewed and approved by the DISTRICT prior to being prepared in final form. As to facilities subject to this Agreement, the COUNTY shall also provide DISTRICT with the opportunity to review all bids submitted, and a contract may be awarded only with the concurrence of the DISTRICT. All contracts let for purchase of materials, equipment and supplies for this project shall be prepared by, and issued in the name of the COUNTY, provided that the DISTRICT shall have the opportunity to review and approve all such contractual documents prior to issuance of final versions.
- d) . The supervision and inspection of all construction of facilities and improvements shall be performed by COUNTY, provided that the DISTRICT may participate in oversight activities to the extent it so desires, and may participate in supervision with the consent of the COUNTY.
- e) The days and hours of operation of the recreational facility shall be established and maintained by DISTRICT. DISTRICT shall adhere to all recreational use requirements as required by the STATE. DISTRICT may also utilize said facilities for school related activities, provided such use does not violate with PROGRAM requirements established by the STATE.
- f) DISTRICT shall be responsible for issuing any and all recreation-use permits and collecting any and all fees for special use of the identified portion of the recreational facilities. The COUNTY shall delegate all functions of operating the recreational facility to the DISTRICT.
- g) For purposes of administering any/all required activities in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act, referred to as "CEQA," COUNTY is hereby designated as lead agency and will prepare and sign off on all necessary and appropriate documentation. The COUNTY shall obtain all required CEQA certifications within one year of PROGRAM grant award by the STATE.
- h). The DISTRICT grants the COUNTY permission to operate the recreational facility. The COUNTY delegates all functions of maintenance, and operation of the recreational facility to the DISTRICT. DISTRICT shall provide and shall be responsible for the entire cost of maintenance, ownership, and operation of the recreational facility. The DISTRICT may delegate these operating roles as deemed appropriate. At no time shall the COUNTY have any responsibility for in the maintenance, ownership, or operation of the recreational facility.
- i) The COUNTY and DISTRICT shall meet annually to verify that the recreational facility is being maintained and operated in accordance with this Agreement and as required by the PROGRAM.
- j) The DISTRICT shall grant the COUNTY the authority to construct and develop the PROJECT site and permit the COUNTY, its contractors, or agents to access the PROPERTY for

the purposes of this Agreement. The DISTRICT shall revoke this authority upon completion of the construction and development of the PROJECT.

6. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR STATUS: All personnel and employees of each party who conduct activities and/or provide services under this Agreement will, at all times, remain employees of their respective public entities, and said respective public entities will be solely and completely responsible for the employment, workers' compensation coverage, supervision and discipline of such employees. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to constitute that either party or any of its agents, employees or officers as an agent, employee or officer of the other Party.

7. INDEMNIFICATION:

- a) County shall hold harmless, defend and indemnify District, its agents, officers and employees from and against any liability, claims, actions, costs, damages or losses of any kind, including death or injury to any person and damage to property, including District property, arising from, or in connection with, the performance by County or its agents, officers and employees under this Agreement. This indemnification specifically includes any claims that may be made against District by any taxing authority asserting that an employer-employee relationship exists by reason of this Agreement, and any claims made against District alleging civil rights violations by Contractor under Government Code section 12920 et seq. (California Fair Employment and Housing Act). This indemnification obligation shall continue beyond the term of this Agreement as to any acts or omissions occurring under this Agreement or any extension of this Agreement.
- b) District shall hold harmless, defend and indemnify County, its agents, officers and employees from and against any liability, claims, actions, costs, damages or losses of any kind, including death or injury to any person and damage to property, including County property, arising from, or in connection with, the performance by District or its agents, officers and employees under this Agreement. This indemnification specifically includes any claims that may be made against County by any taxing authority asserting that an employer-employee relationship exists by reason of this Agreement, and any claims made against District alleging civil rights violations by Contractor under Government Code section 12920 et seq. (California Fair Employment and Housing Act). This indemnification obligation shall continue beyond the term of this Agreement as to any acts or omissions occurring under this Agreement or any extension of this Agreement.
- 8. INSURANCE: Prior to approval of this Agreement by either Party, each Party shall file with the other Party evidence of the required insurance as set forth in Exhibit "B" attached.
- 9. COUNTY's construction of facilities shall be contingent upon and subject to the terms of the award of PROGRAM grant funds by the STATE. COUNTY shall complete construction of the facilities within the timeframe as required by the PROGRAM.
- 10. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY: Authority to act under this Agreement on behalf of each party is hereby vested with the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors for

COUNTY and with the Superintendent for DISTRICT, or such designees as they may each so elect.

11. NOTICE: Any notice required under the terms of this Agreement will be deemed received on the date actually delivered if by personal delivery, or on the fifth business day following deposit in the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed as follows;

COUNTY: COUNTY of TULARE

Laurie Mercer

Community Development Manager

5961 S. Mooney Blvd. Visalia, CA 93277 (559) 624-7000 (559) 730-2591

DISTRICT: Earlimart School DISTRICT

Sandra Munoz Superintendent 785 East Center Ave. Earlimart, CA 93219 (661) 849-3386 (661) 849-2352 Fax

The parties to which notice is to be given may be changed, from time to time, by action of either party, provided that it gives the other party to this Agreement written notice of said change.

- 12. COMPLIANCE WITH LAW: COUNTY shall construct facilities in accordance with applicable Federal, State, and local laws, regulations and directives. With respect to COUNTY's employees, COUNTY shall comply with all laws and regulations pertaining to wages and hours, state and federal income tax, unemployment insurance, Social Security, disability insurance, workers' compensation insurance, and discrimination in employment.
- 13. ENTIRE AGREEMENT REPRESENTED: This Agreement represents the entire agreement between COUNTY and DISTRICT as to its subject matter and no prior oral or written understanding is to be of any force or effect. No part of this Agreement may be modified without the written consent of both parties.
- 14. NO THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARY: Unless specifically set forth, the parties to this Agreement do not intend to provide any other party with any benefit or enforceable legal or equitable right or remedy.
- 15. GOVERNING LAW: This Agreement shall be interpreted and governed under the laws of the State of California without reference to California conflicts of law principles. The parties agree that this Agreement is made and shall be performed in Tulare County, California.

- 16. WAIVER: The failure of either party to insist on strict compliance with any provision of this Agreement shall not be considered a waiver of any right to do so, whether for that breach or any subsequent breach. The acceptance by either party of either performance or payment shall not be considered to be a waiver of any preceding breach of the Agreement by the other party.
- 17. CONFLICTS WITH LAWS OR REGULATIONS/SEVERABILITY: This Agreement is subject to all applicable laws and regulations. If any provision of this Agreement is found by any court or other legal authority, or is agreed by the parties, to be in conflict with any code or regulation governing its subject, the conflicting provision shall be considered null and void. If the effect of nullifying any conflicting provision is such that a material benefit of the Agreement to either party is lost, the Agreement may be terminated at the option of the affected party. In all other cases the remainder of the Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.
- 18. FURTHER ASSURANCES: Each party agrees to execute any additional documents and to perform any further acts as may be reasonably required to effect the purposes of this Agreement.
- 19. ASSURANCE OF NONDISCRIMINATION: COUNTY and DISTRICT shall not discriminate in employment or in the provision of services on the basis of any characteristic or condition upon which discrimination is prohibited by state or federal law or regulation. COUNTY and DISTRICT agree to provide appropriate training to its employees regarding discrimination and sexual harassment issues, and to promptly and appropriately investigate any allegations that any of its employees may have engaged in improper discrimination or harassment activities. Either Party, in its sole discretion, has the right to require the other Party to replace any employee who provides services of any kind to that Party pursuant to this Agreement with other employees where either Party is concerned that its employees or clients may have been or may be the subjects of discrimination or harassment by such employees. The right to require replacement of employees as aforesaid shall not preclude either Party from terminating this Agreement with cause as provided for in this agreement.
- 20. DISPUTE RESOLUTION: If a dispute arises out of or relating to this Agreement, or a breach of this Agreement, and if said dispute cannot be settled through negotiations, the parties agree first to try in good faith to settle the dispute by non-binding mediation before resorting to litigation or some other dispute resolution procedure, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. The mediator shall be mutually selected by the parties, but in case of disagreement, the mediator shall be selected by lot from among two nominations provided by each party. All costs and fees required by the mediator shall be split equally by the parties, otherwise each party will bear its own costs of mediation. If mediation fails to resolve the dispute within thirty days, either party may pursue litigation to resolve the dispute.

21. TERMINATION:

- a) The right to terminate this Agreement under this provision may be exercised without prejudice to any other right or remedy to which the terminating party may be entitled at law or under this Agreement.
 - i) This Agreement may be terminated with written consent of both parties; or
 - ii) With Cause:
 - (1) This Agreement may be terminated by either party should the other party:
 - (a) be adjudged a bankrupt, or
 - (b) become insolvent or have a receiver appointed, or
 - (c) make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or
 - (d) suffer any judgment which remains unsatisfied for thirty days, and which would substantively impair the ability of the judgment debtor to perform under this Agreement, or
 - (e) materially breach this Agreement.
 - (2) For any of the occurrences except item (3), termination may be effected upon written notice by the terminating party specifying the date of the termination.
 - (3) Upon material breach, the Agreement may be terminated following the failure of the defaulting party to remedy the breach to the satisfaction of the non-defaulting party within five days of written notice specifying the breach. If the breach is not remedied within that five day period, the non-defaulting party may terminate the Agreement on further written notice specifying the date of termination.
 - (4) If the nature of the breach is such that it cannot be cured within a five day period, the defaulting party may, submit a written proposal within that period which sets forth a specific means to resolve the default. If the non-defaulting party consents to that proposal in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, the defaulting party shall immediately embark on its plan to cure. If the default is not cured within the time agreed, the non-defaulting party may terminate upon written notice specifying the date of termination.
- b) Effects of Termination: Termination of this Agreement shall not terminate any obligations to indemnify, to maintain and make available any records pertaining to the Agreement, to cooperate with any audit, to be subject to offset, or to make any reports of pretermination contract activities.
- 22. BREACH OF AGREEMENT: In the event the DISTRICT breaches the terms of this Agreement or those terms set forth in the PROGRAM grant agreement with the STATE and the COUNTY incurs damages as a result of such breach, the DISTRICT shall be responsible for reimbursing the COUNTY and all costs of said damages. In the event the COUNTY breaches the terms of this Agreement or those terms set forth in the PROGRAM grant agreement with the STATE and the DISTRICT incurs damages as a result of such breach, the COUNTY shall be responsible for reimbursing the DISTRICT and all costs of said damages.

23. CONFLICT OF INTEREST:

- a. Each Party agrees at all times in performance of this Agreement to comply with the law of the State of California regarding conflicts of interest or appearance of conflicts of interest, including, but not limited to Government Code section 1090 et seq., and the Political Reform Act, Government Code section 81000 et seq. and regulations enacted regarding the Political Reform Act by the California Fair Political Practices Commission. The statutes, regulations and laws previously referenced include, but are not limited to, prohibitions against any public officer or employee, including contractors for this purpose, from making any decision on behalf of the public agency in which an officer, employee or consultant has a direct or indirect financial interest. A violation can occur if the public officer, employee or consultant participates in or influences any District or County decision which has the potential to confer any pecuniary benefit on contractor or any business firm in which contractor has an interest, with certain narrow exceptions.
- b. Each Party agrees that if any facts come to its attention which raise any questions as to the applicability of conflict of interest laws, it shall immediately inform the other Party's designated representative and provide all information needed for resolution of this question.
- 24. CONSTRUCTION: This Agreement reflects the contributions of both parties and accordingly the provisions of Civil Code section 1654 will not apply to address and interpret any uncertainty.
- 25. EXHIBITS AND RECITALS: The Recitals and the Exhibits to this Agreement are fully incorporated into and are integral parts of this Agreement.
- 26. HEADINGS: Section headings are provided for organizational purposes only and do not in any manner affect the scope, meaning or intent of the provisions under the headings.

27. PUPIL SAFETY REQUIREMENTS:

- a. During construction, the COUNTY shall provide one or more of the following methods, pursuant to Education Code § 45125.2, to ensure the safety of the pupils of the DISTRICT:
 - i) The installation of a physical barrier at the worksite to limit contact with pupils;
 - ii) Continual supervision and monitoring of all employees and subcontractors of the COUNTY by an employee of the COUNTY whom the Department of Justice has ascertained has not been convicted of a violent or serious felony;
 - iii) Surveillance of employees or subcontractors of the COUNTY, by school personnel.
- b. COUNTY shall submit a plan to the DISTRICT at least fifteen (15) days prior to the commencement of work describing how COUNTYY will comply with the foregoing. Whether to approve or reject the pupil safety plan is within the sole discretion of the DISTRICT governing board. DISTRICT reserves the right to impose greater or additional safety requirements, including but not limited to, compliance with all of the fingerprinting and related requirements of California Education Code Section 45125.1. The pupil safety plan shall be

approved by DISTRICT before any agents or employees of COUNTY may enter school grounds where they may have any contact with pupils. COUNTY shall indemnify, hold harmless, and defend the DISTRICT against any and all actions, proceedings, penalties or claims arising out of the COUNTY's failure to comply with the requirements of this section.

c. If COUNTY believes that its employees will have only limited contact with pupils and should therefore be exempted from the foregoing requirements, COUNTY must contact the DISTRICT with its request for exemption at least fifteen (15) days prior to the commencement of work. The request for exemption must specify the grounds for such proposed exemption, considering the totality of circumstances, including but not limited to the length of time COUNTY will be on school grounds, whether pupils will be in proximity to the site where the COUNTY's employees or subcontractors are working, and whether the COUNTY's employees will be working by themselves or with others. Whether to grant or deny the exemption is within the sole discretion of the DISTRICT.

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IN WITNESS THEREOF, the parties here and year first above written. Dated: 62111	COUNTY OF TULARE By: Chairman, Board of Supervisors
ATTEST: County Administrative Officer/Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tulare By: Deputy Clerk Approved as to Form:	COUNTY
By: Orlene Pollon 6/6/2011 County Counsel 20/1622	
Dated:	EARLIMART SCHOOL DISTRICT By: Marie Mar
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ATTACHMENT "B"

Negative Declaration

TULARE COUNTY RESOURCES MANAGEMENT AGENCY



5961 South Mooney Boulevard Visalia, CA 93277

EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK PROJECT

Initial Study and Negative Declaration

December 2012

Prepared by:

Tulare County Resources Management Agency Planning Branch Environmental Planning Division

INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1. Project Title: Earlimart Neighborhood Park

2. Lead Agency: County of Tulare - Resource Management Agency

3. Contact Person: Laurie Mercer, Grants and Development Manager

4. Project Location: Earlimart, CA

5. Latitude, Longitude: SEC. 34, T 23 S. R 25 E MDB & M

6. General Plan Designation: Earlimart Community Plan - Quasi-Public

- 7. Zoning: Earlimart Community Plan Zoning Consistency Matrix indicates Parks and Open Space is consistent with Parks and Open Space zone designations.
- 8. Description of Project (Describe the whole action involved, including but not limited to later phases of the project, and any secondary, support, or off-site features necessary for its implementation. Attach additional sheets if necessary.): The park will be constructed on approximately four acres of vacant, undeveloped land that is currently owned by the Earlimart School District. It is directly adjacent to Earlimart Elementary School and will include direct, on-site access to the existing school yard. It will consist primarily of a playground apparatus area, barbeques, pavilions, a walking path, lighting, and landscaping. Also, ornamental fencing, three gateways featuring community artwork, a multiuse event area with shade structure and sloped turf for seating, and a biofiltration swale to capture on-site drainage of storm-water. The proposed Project will include construction/installation of new sidewalks, curbs, gutters, streetlights, and streettrees along Elm Street (at the east edge of the property) and School Street (at the southern edge of the property). Specific locations of stops signs as part of the proposed Project have not yet been determined, however, they will be included as part of the final design of the entire project.
- 9. Surrounding land uses and setting (Brief description): Single-family residences to the east and south; Earlimart Elementary School to the north; and Earlimart School District administrative offices to the west and single-family residences west of the School District offices.
- 10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):

Earlimart Public Utilities District
Delano-Earlimart Irrigation District
San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	A. The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" "unless mitigated" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.						
	Aesthetic	os		Agriculture Resources		Air Quality	
	Biological Resources			Cultural Resources		Geology/Soils	
	Greenho	use Gases	□ Mate	Hazards/Hazardous erials		Hydrology/Water Quality	
	Land Use	e/Planning		Mineral Resources		Noise	
	Populatio	on/Housing		Public Services		Recreation	
	Transportation/Traffic			Utilities / Service Systems		Mandatory Findings of Significance	
	В.	DETERMINAT	ION:	:			
On the basis of this initial evaluation:							
	\boxtimes	I find that the prenvironment, and	ropos l a NI	ed project COULD NOT EGATIVE DECLARATION	have)N wi	a significant effect on the ill be prepared.	
		environment, the revisions in the p	re W	ne proposed project could VILL NOT be a significate thave been made or agreed TIVE DECLARATION was seen to the control of the country of the	ent ef I to by	fect in this case because y the project proponent. A	
		I find the propose and an ENVIRO	ed pr NME	roject MAY have a signific NTAL IMPACT REPOR	cant e T is r	effect on the environment, equired.	
		I find that a previ	ous E E.	EIR or Negative Declaration	ı may	be utilized for this project	
		The Survey) !			12/18/12	
Signa	ature					Date /	
(Hect:	/ <u>or Guerra</u>	,			Δ1·	CP ' th	
	ed Name	<u> </u>	_		Cni	ef Environmental Planner Title	

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

The following checklist contains an extensive listing of the kind of environmental effects which result from development projects. Evaluation of the effects must take into account the whole of an action involved, including off-site as well as on site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts, in addition to reasonably foreseeable phases or corollary actions. The system used to rate the magnitude of potential effects is described as follows:

A "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if an effect is significant or potentially significant, or if the lead agency lacks information to make a finding of insignificance. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.

A "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact."

A "Less Than Significant Impact" means that the environmental effect is present, but is minor in nature and/or not adverse, or is reduced to a level less than significant due to the application and enforcement of mandatory locally adopted standards.

"No Impact" indicates that the effect does not apply to the proposed project.

Using this rating system, evaluate the likelihood that the proposed project will have an effect in each of the environmental areas of concern listed below. At the end of each category, discuss the project-specific factors, locally adopted standards, and/or general plan elements that support your evaluation. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources cited in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one proposed (e.g., Zone C of the FEMA maps). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants based on a project specific screening analysis). The explanation of each issue should identify:

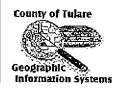
- a) the significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
- b) the mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.

"Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The mitigation measures must be described along with a brief explanation on how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section E., "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).

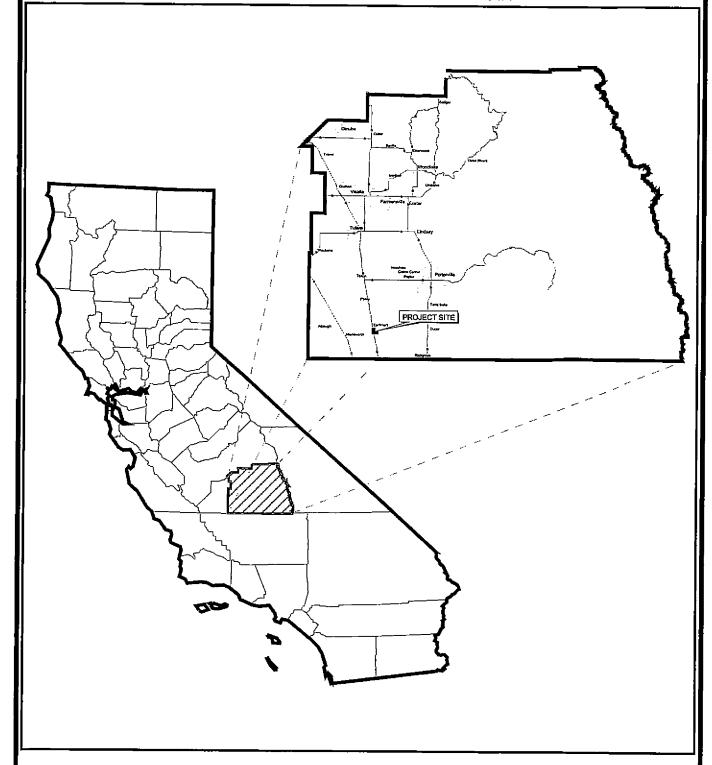
Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following.

- a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
- b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
- c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site- specific conditions for the project



Location Map for Earlimart Neighborhood Park NEGATIVE DECLARALION





Supervisorial District #2

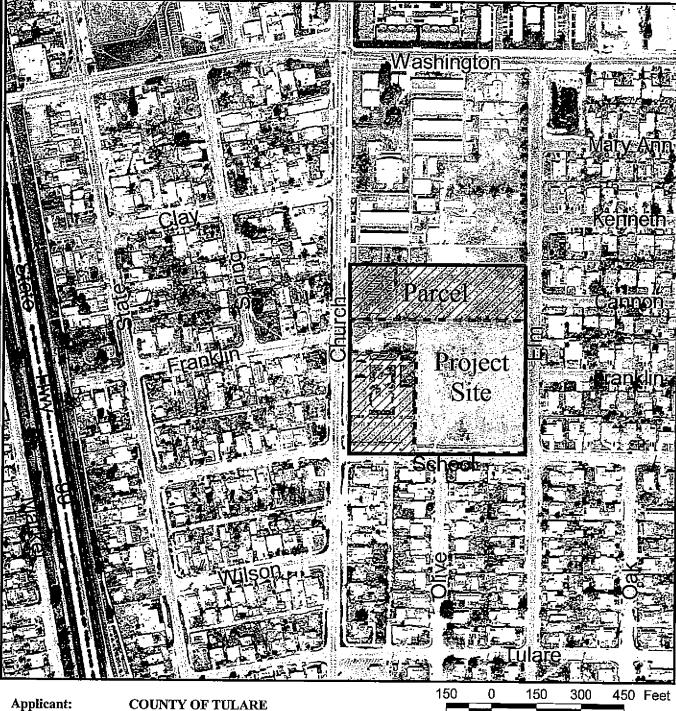
Assessors Parcel # 318084001



County of Tulare Geographic Information Systems

Aerial Photograph for Earlimart Neighborhood Park NEGATIVE DECLARATION





Supervisorial District #2

Assessors Parcel # 318084001

SITE

Project Site for NEG DEC

Draft Conceptual Park Plan



NOTE:

This plan is intended to demonstrate the general arrangement of major project scope items on the modified site. Trees are intentionally omitted for drawing clarity purposes. Trees will be planted as described in the grant application and generally as illustrated in the original concept plan.

No Scale

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact		
1. AESTHETICS Would the project:			·	·		
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?						
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state or county designated scenic highway or county designated scenic road?						
c) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?						
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			\boxtimes			
Analysis: The proposed Project site (Project or site) is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring vegetation; however, there are eight mature Modesto Ash trees that were planted on the site. These trees are diseased and will be removed as part of the Project. A large water tank is located at the northwest corner of the site which is used to store water dedicated for fire suppression purposes at the school and a series of water valves are located at the southwest corner of the site. Thus, the site has no naturally occurring or man-made aesthetic value. The site is adjacent to single-family residential uses to the east and south, school play areas to the north, and school administration buildings to the west. The proposed Project will not contain any structures other than a shade structure for the multi-use events area. Although the multi-use events area's location has not been finalized, the design will consider potential visual impacts to the surrounding areas and set-back and building height limitations contained in the Tulare County Zone Ordinance will also prevent any adverse impacts to a scenic vista. The proposed park's landscaping, including more than one hundred trees, various shrubs/bushes, and turf areas, will enhance the vista to surrounding land uses as it will replace the vacant lot currently located on the site.						

- a) The proposed Project will not adversely affect any scenic vista. Other than the multi-use events area noted above, it will not include any other structure which might substantially impact a scenic vista. There will be **No** Impact to this resource.
- b) The proposed Project site is completely surrounded by existing single-family residences, an elementary school, and school administration buildings. As such it will not damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state or county designated scenic highway or county designated scenic road. There will be **No Impact** to this resource.
- c) As noted above, the proposed Project site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring

,	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact			
vegetation. The proposed park will substantially improve the visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings which are open to public view as the site will be improved with the landscaping, including more than one hundred trees, turf areas, and other vegetation which will replace the existing vacant lot. Over time, as the park's trees mature, the vista to the surrounding uses and the public view will be enhanced. There will be No Impact to this resource.							
d) The proposed Project will not result in the creating adversely affect day or nighttime views in the are desire to include some evening hour lighting for suntil the design of the proposed park is finalized. St part of the proposed Project, however this type of litypically spaced between 300 to 500 feet apart and roadway areas, they are not so bright as to result in a Than Significant	a. The concept afety; however reet lights alon ghting will not although suffic	tual plan for the the specific loca g Elm Road and S be intrusive to ac ient in illuminatin	proposed Proje ations cannot b School Street ar ljacent uses. Str ng segments of	et contains a e determined e included as reet lights are sidewalk and			
determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:							
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?							
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				\boxtimes			
c) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?							
d) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?							
c) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or				[X]			

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?	,		,	
Analysis:				
a - e) As the proposed 4.0 acre Project site is locate is completely surrounded by residential uses, it wis within the Earlimart Development Boundary (UI Conversion of Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Ma Agency, to non-agricultural use or if the area is no not convert prime agricultural land as defined in Sewill not conflict with existing zoning for agriculture existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest timberland (as defined in Public Resource Code sconversion of forest land to non-forest use, nor will due to their location or nature, could result in converse land to non-forest use. There will be No Impa	ill not result in DB), as such or Farmland of apping and Moret designated on ection 51201(C) te use, or a Will land (as definection 4526); it involve other version of farm	any impacts to rethe proposed Profession Interior Program in the Important Formation of the Govt. Colliamson Act continued in Public Rethanges in the land to non-agriculation of the Important to the Important to the Important to the Important to the Important Import	resources a. — e oject will not rtance (Farmlan of the Californ armland Series de to non-agric ract; it will not tesources code in the loss of f existing environ	e., The site is result in the ad), as shown his Resources Maps, it will ultural use; it conflict with 12220(g) or orest land or ment which.
3. AIR QUALITY Where available, significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:				
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				\boxtimes
b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				×
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			Ø	
d) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			\bowtie	

Sign	tially Less Than ficant Significant eact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Analysis:

The proposed Project is located in the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin (SJVAB), a continuous inter-mountain air basin. The Sierra Nevada Range forms the eastern boundary; the Coast Range forms the western boundary; and the Tehachapi Mountains form the southern boundary. These topographic features restrict air movement through and beyond the SJVAB. The SJVAB is comprised of San Joaquin, Stanislaus, Merced, Madera, Fresno, Kings, and Tulare Counties and the valley portion of Kern County; it is approximately 25,000 square miles in area. Tulare County lies within the southern portion of the SJVAB. The SJVAB is managed by the San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD or Air District).

Both the federal government (through the United State Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)) and the State of California (through the California Air Resources Board (ARB)) have established health-based ambient air quality standards (AAQS) for six air pollutants, commonly referred to as "criteria pollutants." The six criteria pollutants are: carbon monoxide (CO), ozone (O3), sulfur dioxide (SO2), nitrogen dioxide (NO2), particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5), and lead (Pb).

National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS) have been established for each criteria pollutant to protect the public health and welfare. The federal and state standards were developed independently with differing purposes and methods, although both processes are intended to avoid health-related effects. As a result, the federal and state standards differ in some cases. In general, the California state standards are more stringent.

The Federal Clean Air Act requires EPA to set NAAQS for the six criteria pollutants, noted above, that occur throughout the United States. Of the six pollutants, particle pollution and ground-level ozone are the most widespread health threats. EPA regulates the criteria pollutants by developing human health-based and/or environmentally-based criteria (science-based guidelines) for setting permissible levels. The set of limits based on human health is called primary standards. Another set of limits intended to prevent environmental and property damage is called secondary standards.

EPA is required to designate areas as meeting (attainment) or not meeting (nonattainment) the air pollutant standards. The Federal Clean Air Act (CAA) further classifies nonattainment areas based on the severity of the nonattainment problem, with marginal, moderate, serious, severe, and extreme nonattainment classifications for ozone. Nonattainment classifications for PM range from marginal to serious. The Federal CAA requires areas with air quality violating the NAAQS to prepare an air quality control plan referred to as the State Implementation Plan (SIP). The SIP contains the strategies and control measures that states will use to attain the NAAQS. The Federal CAA amendments of 1990 require states containing areas that violate the NAAQS to revise their SIP to incorporate additional control measures to reduce air pollution. The SIP is periodically modified to reflect the latest emissions inventories, planning documents, rules, and regulations of Air Basins as reported by the agencies with jurisdiction over them. The EPA reviews SIPs to determine if they conform to the mandates of the Federal CAA amendments and will achieve air quality goals when implemented. If the EPA determines a SIP to be inadequate, it may prepare a Federal Implementation Plan (FIP) for the nonattainment area and impose additional control measures.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
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The SJVAB is designated non-attainment of state and federal health based air quality standards for ozone and respirable particulate matter (PM). The federal classification for the SJVAB is extreme non-attainment for the 8-hour ozone standard. To meet Federal Clean Air Act requirements, the District adopted the 2007 Ozone Plan on April 30, 2007. The ARB approved the Plan on June 14, 2007, while the EPA approved the Plan effective April 30, 2012. The Plan projects that the Valley will achieve the 8-hour ozone standard for all areas of the SJVAB no later than 2023. The PM10 standard was been achieved and the US EPA re-classified the Air District as in attainment on September 25, 2008. Even after achieving the PM10 standard, the Air District is currently a PM10 Maintenance Area and all rules and regulations are still in effect. The SJVAB is designated non-attainment for the new state and federal PM2.5 (particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter) annual standard. The District's federal PM2.5 attainment plan was due April 5, 2008. Measures contained in the 2007 PM10 Maintenance Plan will also help reduce PM2.5 levels and will provide progress toward attainment until new measures are implemented for the PM2.5 Plan, if needed. The State does not have an attainment deadline for the ozone standards; however, it does require implementation of all feasible measures to achieve attainment at the earliest date possible. State PM10 and PM2.5 standards have no attainment planning requirements, but must demonstrate that all measures feasible for the area have been adopted.

- a) Air quality plans (also known as attainment plans) and subsequent rules are used to bring the applicable air basin into attainment with federal ambient air quality standards designed to protect the health and safety of residents within that air basin. The proposed Project does not conflict with or obstruct implementation of any applicable air quality plan or rule. There will be **No Impact** to this resource.
- b) As noted in item a., above, the proposed Project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. There will be No Impact as a result of this Project.
- c) The net increase in criteria pollutant emissions from the proposed Project is negligible as the Project's emissions individually are below the Air District's threshold of significance and compliance with Air District Rule 9510 (Indirect Source Review) will ensure that cumulative growth does not result in an overall increase in emissions in the air basin and would not jeopardize attainment plan deadlines. The Air District provided a comment letter indicating that the Project complies with Rule 9510 and is not subject to off-site mitigation fees. (see Attachment A). The proposed park will provide a community benefit as it will provide a local recreation opportunity for community residents. Its proximity to the entire community and the adjacent school will provide a walkable option to residents and school children thereby avoiding potential vehicle-based pollutant emissions. Therefore, the cumulative net increase in criteria pollutants is Less Than Significant.
- d) The proposed Project has the potential to temporarily expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations during the short-term construction phase. The proximity of single-family residences and the potential presence of children during school hours may result in a temporary, short-term exposure of air pollutants caused by diesel powered construction equipment emissions. Particulate emissions from diesel powered construction equipment are considered a toxic air contaminant. However, construction emissions are temporary and the short-term nature of construction-relation emissions would not exceed District short term acute toxic risk thresholds. The Valley Air District staff conducted an Urban Emissions Model (Urbemis) analysis to determine potential emissions during the construction and operational phases of the proposed Project. The model indicates that construction and operations-related emissions will not exceed any Air District air pollutant thresholds. The Model output and an Air District e-mail are included in this Initial Study, also as part

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact		
of Attachment A. Also, temporary, short-term fugitive dust will be generated during construction-related earthmoving operations. The use of fugitive dust reduction measures during earthmoving operations with the potential to generate dust required by Air District Regulation VIII (Fugitive PM10 Prohibitions) will substantially reduce PM10 fugitive dust impacts. Therefore, the impact to this resource is Less Than Significant.						
e) Potential odor sources associated with the proconstruction equipment during the construction pershade structure. These odors, if perceptible, would would be of very limited duration. Therefore, any Significant.	riod and possib d dissipate rapi	oly if paint is app dly as they mix v	olied to the mul with the surrour	lti-use events		
4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:						
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				×		
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?						
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?						
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?						

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological re-sources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				\boxtimes
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				×

Analysis:

The subject site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring vegetation making it unlikely that biological resources will be impacted as a result of the proposed Project. The School District regularly disks the site to prevent weed growth that would pose a fire hazard to the nearby school and administration buildings. As such, regular disking would have changed the suitability of any potential habitat (such as dens, nesting sites, or foraging grounds). A biological evaluation was prepared by Mr. Robert Hansen, a qualified biological consultant, and is contained as Appendix A of this IS/ND. In summary, the evaluation concluded that no impact will occur as a result of this Project.

a) According to information contained in the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB), the proposed Project site is within the historic ranges of three listed species: Swainson's hawk (Buteo swainsoni), Tipton kangaroo rat (Dipodomys nitratoides nitratoides), and San Joaquin kit fox (Vulpes macrotis mutica). The Tipton Kangaroo rat is listed as "Endangered" status by federal and state wildlife agencies, San Joaquin kit fox are federally listed as "Endangered" while the state lists it as "Threatened" status, and Swainson's hawk does not have a federally listed status but is listed as "Threatened" by the state. The subject site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring vegetation. As noted earlier, there are seven mature White Mulberry trees planted on the site that are diseased and will be removed as part of the Project. A comprehensive biological survey was conducted that assessed the trees as potential habitat and/or nesting sites. Based upon the recommendations contained in the biological evaluation, appropriate measures will be taken to ensure that an accidental take does not occur prior to the planned removal of the trees.

The immediate surrounding area is urbanized and is not likely to contain habitat for Swainson's hawk, Tipton kangaroo rat, or kit fox. This was verified by the aforementioned biological evaluation. The biological evaluation contains a recommendation that appropriate avoidance and minimization mitigation measures are implemented to avoid or reduce potential impacts to Special Status species such San Joaquin kit fox, Swainson's hawk, and burrowing owl). In the unlikely event of discovery of the above noted species on the site, protocols established by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFW) or California Department of Fish and Game (DFG) will be implemented before any construction activities are allowed to commence. If discovery occurs during construction activities, all activities will be immediately ceased until a qualified biologist determines which course of action to implement per USFW or DFG protocols. There will be No Impact as a result of the proposed Project.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact		
b) As noted in item a., above, the proposed Project site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any natural occurring vegetation. No riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities were observed during a visual inspection by RMA staff. Also as noted in item a., above, a biological survey will be conducted prior to commencement of construction-related activities to document the absence of riparian habitat or other natural communities. The proposed Project will add an aquatic feature on the project site in the form of a storm-water retention swale; however, it should be noted that the primary function of the swale is for storm-water retention with biofiltration to capture and detain runoff from the site to facilitate cleansing and partial infiltration prior to discharge and not as potential habitat. The nearest riparian or other natural sensitive community is the Pixley National Wildlife Refuge located approximately two miles northwest of the proposed Project site. As no riparian habitat or other natural communities exist on the site there will be No Impact as a result of the proposed Project. c) No wetlands are located on or near the project site. The nearest bodies of water are Deer Creek, which is approximately two miles north of the proposed Project site, and the White River which is approximately 1.75 miles south of the proposed Project site. There will be No Impact as a result of the proposed Project.						
e) The proposed Project site is predominantly va	 d) The subject site is not identified in the Environmental Resources Management Element as being a migration corridor or wildlife nursery for any wildlife species. There will be No Impact as a result of the proposed Project. e) The proposed Project site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring vegetation. The Environmental Resources Management Element of the Tulare County General Plan contains policies that new 					
Impact as a result of the proposed Project. f) The Environmental Resources Management Elepproposed Project site. There will be No Impact as a	ment indicates t	hat no habitat co				
5. CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:						
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?			\boxtimes			
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?			\boxtimes			
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?			\boxtimes			
d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			\boxtimes			
d) Disturb unique architectural features or the character of surrounding buildings?				\boxtimes		

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
Analysis:		·	_	<u> </u>
a, b, and d) A cultural resources records search (FRMA by the California Historical Resources Information Center (SSJVIC) located at California examination of the National Register of Historic California Historic Landmarks, The California R The California Points of Historic Interest (Attach conducted within the current Project area, eight surhave been conducted within ½ mile of the propose of those surveys. There are no known/recorded known if any exists on the proposed Project site. I known to exist on the proposed Project site; howe 7050.5 and Public Resource Code Section 5097.98 no further disturbance shall occur until the County disposition of such remains. If the remains are de Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) will then identify the person(s) thought to be the rewill then assist in determining what course of ac Project would not result in a substantial adverse resource as defined in Section 15064.5 of the Cisignificant.	nformation Cent State University ic Places, The I egister, The Cal ment B). Altho rveys (TU-1002, d Project site; ho cultural resource No formal cemet ver, in accordance if human rema coroner has man etermined to be N within 48 hours most likely desce ction shall be tal change in the si EQA Guidelines	ter (CHRIS), So a Bakersfield. The History Property ifornia Inventory ugh no cultural responsible to the CHRIST Services or other place with State Head ins are unearthed used the necessary stative American, of the Coroner's andent of the deceken in handling the impact to the impact to the impact to the coroner's services and the coroner's and the coroner's and the coroner's and the impact to the impact to the impact to the coroner's and the impact to the impact to the coroner's and the coroner's area.	uthern San Jose e records search Data File (Ap of Historic Resources survey 122, 1324, 138 S did not indicated finding and project findings as to the Coroner muther the Coroner muther mination. The remains. The remains of this resource is the search of the coroner muther mination.	aquin Valley in included ar ril 4, 2012), asources, and ys have been 30, and 1469; and it is not atternment are Code Section construction, he origin and ast notify the The NAHC merican, who he proposed to haeological at Less Than
c) No paleontological resources are known to exigeologic features in the proposed Project are paleontological resources not previously disturbe ensure proper investigation and handling of any disany archaeological or historical resources are unique.	 a. Project cord; however, the scovery. If, in the incovered, discovered. 	nstruction is not measures discus te course of Project overed, or otherw	expected to sed in item a., ct construction	disturb any above, will or operation, or observed,

GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Would the

resource

project:

the west, and school playgrounds to the north. As such, these uses do not do not have unique architectural features or characteristics that will be adversely impacted by the proposed park. There will be No Impact to this

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42				
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?				
iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
iv) Landslides?	П	П		\boxtimes
v) Subsidence?				
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				\boxtimes
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?				
Analysis: The Official Maps of Earthquake Fault Zones deline	ated by the Cali	fornia Geologica	Survey, State	of California
Department of Conservation, through December 20 indicate that there are no substantial faults known to affect the proposed Project site is the San Andreas Fa	110 under the A occur in Tular	Alquist-Priolo Ear e County. The n	rthquake Fault earest known fa	Zoning Act,

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
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According to the Five County Seismic Safety Element (FCSSE), the Project site is located in the V-1 zone, characterized as a moderately thick section of marine and continental sedimentary deposits overlying the granitic basement complex. The FCSSE further states that, "The requirements of the Uniform Building Code Zone II should be adequate for normal facilities." Amplification of shaking that would affect low to medium-rise structures is relatively high but the distance to either of the fault systems that are expected sources of the shaking is sufficiently great that the effect would be minimal.

- a.i.) Other than the multi-use events shaded structure, there are no other structures that will be constructed as part of the proposed Project thus the risk of injury to persons caused by seismic activity is very minimal. There will be a Less Than Significant Impact.
- a.ii.) Any potential impacts regarding strong seismic ground shaking have been discussed in Impact VI. a.i. There will be No Impact.
- a.iii.) According to the Five County Seismic Safety Element the V-1 zone the Project site has a low risk of liquefaction. No subsidence-prone soils or oil or gas production is involved with the Project. There will be No Impact.
- a.iv.) According to the Five County Seismic Safety Element the V-1 zone the Project site would have a minimal risk of landslides. No geologic landforms exist on or near the site that would result in a landslide event. There will be **No Impact**.
- a.v.) The proposed Project does not contain any activity that will result in result subsidence. However, according to the Five County Seismic Safety Element the V-1 zone the proposed Project site inhabits has a low to moderate risk of subsidence. The impact would be Less Than Significant.
- b) Site construction activities would involve earthmoving activities to shape the park, trenching for landscaping irrigation purposes, pouring concrete for sidewalks, curbs, and gutters, and constructing the multi-use events shaded structure. These activities could expose soils to erosion processes. The extent of erosion would vary depending on slope steepness/stability, vegetation/cover, concentration of runoff, and weather conditions.

To prevent water and wind erosion during the construction period, a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be developed for the Project as required for all projects which disturb more than one acre in size. As part of the SWPPP, the applicant would be required to provide erosion control measures to protect the topsoil. Any stockpiled soils would be watered and/or covered to prevent loss due to wind erosion as part of the SWPPP during construction. As a result of these efforts, loss of topsoil and substantial soil erosion during the construction period are not anticipated. The impact would be Less Than Significant.

c) Substantial grade change would not occur in the topography to the point where the proposed Project would expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects on, or offsite, such as landslides, lateral spreading, liquefaction or collapse. According to the Five County Seismic Safety Element the V-1 zone the proposed Project site inhabits has a low to moderate risk of subsidence. The impact would be Less Than Significant Impact.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
d) According to the USDA, NRCS, and the Soil St. Hesperia Sandy Loam on the northern 1/3 of the site soils have a slight-to-low swelling potential. Shrin material that results from a change in moisture con wet can affect building foundations, roads, and othe taken to reduce shrink-swell potential the soil is less earlier, the only structure planned for construction design features of the proposed Project will ensure any adverse shrink-swell impacts on the proposed Project will not include the use restrooms thus eliminating the need for a septic sys ever needed for the proposed Project site, the Earl service connection. There will be No Impact.	e, while the sound k-swell potention tent. Shrinking or structures. Us suitable for but it that proper presents important of a septic system or connect	thern 2/3 contains al refers to the class and swelling of unless preventative uildings, roads, and use events shade eventative measure act would be Lesstem. The proposition to a sewerage	s Hesperia Loan hange in volum soils as they be e or corrective ad other structur structure. Eng re will be taken s Than Signific ed Project does e system. If sev	n soil. These ne of the soil ecome dry or measures are res. As noted incering and to eliminate cant.
7. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS Would the project:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment, based on any applicable threshold of significance?				
b) Conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			\boxtimes	
Analysis:				
This Initial Study/Negative Declaration is relying of addressing GHG emissions. The following is an e Control District's Draft Guidance for Assessing and	excerpt containe	ed in the San Jos	aquin Valley A	ir District in Air Pollution
"By enacting SB 97 in 2007, California's lawmaker emissions as a part of the CEQA process. SB 97 requadopt, amendments to the CEQA Guidelines address It is widely recognized that no single project could global climate temperature. However, the combination could contribute substantially to global climate contributes of whether or not they would rechange.	uired OPR to doing the analysis generate enough on of GHG emishinge. Thus,	evelop, and the N s and mitigation or gh GHG emission issions from past, project specific (atural Resource f greenhouse ga ns to noticeably , present and fu GHG emission	es Agency to as emissions. A change the ture projects a should be

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
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On December 17, 2009, the District's Governing Board adopted the District Policy: Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for Stationary Source Projects Under CEQA When Serving as the Lead Agency. The District's Governing Board also approved the guidance document: Guidance for Valley Land-Use Agencies in Addressing GHG Emission Impacts for New Projects Under CEQA. In support of the policy and guidance document, District staff prepared a staff report: Addressing Greenhouse Gas Emissions Under the California Environmental Quality Act. These documents and the supporting staff report are available on-line at the District's website at www.valleyair.org.

In summary, the staff report evaluates different approaches for assessing significance of GHG emission impacts. As presented in the report, District staff reviewed the relevant scientific information and concluded that the existing science is inadequate to support quantification of the extent to which project specific GHG emissions would impact global climate features such as average air temperature, average rainfall, or average annual snow pack. In other words, the District was not able to determine a specific quantitative level of GHG emissions increase, above which a project would have a significant impact on the environment, and below which would have an insignificant impact. This is readily understood, when one considers that global climate change is the result of the sum total of GHG emissions, both manmade and natural that occurred in the past; that is occurring now; and will occur in the future.

In the absence of scientific evidence supporting establishment of a numerical threshold, the District policy applies performance based standards to assess project specific GHG emission impacts on global climate change. The determination is founded on the principal that projects whose emissions have been reduced or mitigated consistent with the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, commonly referred to as "AB 32", should be considered to have a less than significant impact on global climate change. For a detailed discussion of the District's establishment of thresholds of significance for GHG emissions, and the District's application of said thresholds, the reader is referred to the above referenced staff report, District Policy, and District Guidance documents."

a and b) Although the Air District provides guidance for development projects, a park does not fall within the three categories (commercial, residential, and mixed-uses) for calculating GHG emissions. The proposed Project will result in very nominal and short term GHG emissions from earthmoving equipment to shape the park during the construction stage and from operational emissions from motorized lawn care or other park maintenance equipment (for example, weeding, edging, and pruning). Conversely, the proposed Project will provide many GHG emission reduction benefits as approximately 34% of Earlimart's residents will have access to a community park within a reasonable walking distance (that is, within a ½ mile), residents will not have to travel outside of their community to enjoy a recreational option thus avoiding GHG emissions caused by vehicle travel, and the park will be planted with more than one hundred trees that will sequester GHG emissions throughout the life of the trees. Thus, the proposed Project will not generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment, based on any applicable threshold of significance, nor will the proposed Project conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The impacts will be Less Than Significant.

8.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS	1	
	MATERIALS Would the project:		

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment or risk explosion?				\boxtimes
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working the project area?				
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
g) Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
h) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				
i) Expose people to existing or potential hazards and health hazards other than those				\boxtimes

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
set forth above?	 			
Analysis:				1
a-d) The proposed Project will not involve any haza	ards or hazardor	us materials. Ther	re will be No I n	npact.
e-f) The nearest airport, Harmon Field (located i proposed Project site. As such, the airport would per be No Impact	n Pixley, CA), ose no safety ha	is approximately azard to persons to	/ 5.5 miles nor utilizing the par	thwest of the rk. There will
g) The proposed Project will not impair implementaresponse plan or emergency evacuation plan. It is possessembly areas for students and staff evacuating from thus resulting in a beneficial effect. There will be Not	ossible that the f m an emergency	future park could y situation occurr	be used as addi	itional
h) As the proposed Project is located outside of any exposure to people or structures to a significant risk project is located outside of any wildland areas, the structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death	of loss, injury of proposed site w	or death from wild vill not result in ar	dland fires. As	the proposed
i) Tulare County Environmental Health Services Agmaterials, or any other environmental concern to the that there are no files for the proposed site. The site proposed Project result in any potential hazards or h There will be No Impact .	Agency for the does not contain	e proposed Projec n nor will it result	t site. Their sea t in any hazard:	rch indicated
9. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY — Would the project:				
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			\boxtimes	
b) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge or the direction or rate of flow of ground-water such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or			П	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or off- site?				
d) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course or stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				\boxtimes
e) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
f) Otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?				
g) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
h) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				
i) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam, or inundation by seiche, tsunami or mudflow?				
Analysis: a) The proposed Project contains site grading and drainage concepts that incorporate a swale system with biofiltration to capture and detain runoff from the site to facilitate cleansing and partial infiltration prior to discharge. Impacts to water quality and waste discharge will be Less Than Significant. b) Numerous water conservation techniques will be implemented to minimize the usage of water at the proposed Project site. The irrigation system will incorporate drip irrigation in planter areas and low precipitation and uniform spray irrigation for turf areas. Additionally, the irrigation control system will incorporate soil moisture sensors and rain sensors linked to an automatic control system which will enable the system to match the water use to the actual need for irrigation. The irrigation system will be controlled by a control system that is connected to an evapotranspiration sensor. This sensor calculates site-specific evapotranspiration rates and signals the controller to adjust the rate of water application to match the needs of the plans in each specific				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
watering zone. In order to minimize water waste, which will shut down irrigation water when unexperted broken pipes, malfunctioning valves, or broken resistant plants will be specified except in areas who water use plants are more appropriate due to the min will not deplete groundwater supplies or interfere so of flow of ground-water such that there would be groundwater table level. Impacts to groundwater supplies or interfere so of the supplies of the suppl	ected flows occur irrigation head ere drainage pat cro-climate of to ubstantially with a net deficit in applies will be I	or. This will mining a Also, very low terns will yield whe specific plante a groundwater rection aquifer volumetess Than Signif	nize water was and low water vetter conditions r area. The pro- charge or the di- e or a lowering icant.	te in the event use, drought and medium posed Project rection or rate g of the local
c - f) The majority of construction activity for the proposed park. As there are no streams or rivers loc direct on- or off-site erosion. The nearest bodies of proposed Project site, and the White River, appronoted in the analysis of item 6. b. of the Geology/S construction period, a Storm Water Pollution Prevequired for all projects which disturb more than measures will be required to protect the topsoil. As loss due to wind erosion as part of the SWPPP du and substantial soil erosion during the construction an on-site storm-water retention swale with biofiltr to facilitate cleansing and partial infiltration prior contribute runoff water which would exceed the caprovide substantial additional sources of polluted a Project.	sated on the proper water are Deer eximately 1.75 soils discussion, wention Plan (Soil one acre in soil one acre in the capture to discharge. To discharge.	cosed Project site Creek, approxing miles south of the to prevent water WPPP) will be dize. As part of the poils will be water on. As a result of anticipated. The period and detain any proposed or planned stores.	, the project will nately two mile ne proposed Prand wind erosi developed for the SWPPP, er ed and/or cover these efforts, le proposed Project potential runoffed Project will rmwater drainage	Il not result in s north of the oject site. As on during the he Project as osion control red to prevent oss of topsoil it will include from the site not create or ge systems or
g - h) According to information provided in the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the nort (areas of 0.2% annual chance of flood; areas of 25 foot or with drainage areas less than 1 square mile. The southern half of the proposed Project lies we determined to be outside the 0.2% annual chance for the proposed park is the multi-use events shade structure 100-year flood hazard area. There will be No Impa	thern half of the annual chance and areas protect within a slight to lood plain. The acture, no other	e proposed Proje- e flood with ave- cted by levees fro- variation of Floo- only structure the	ct lies within F rage depths of om 1% annual c od Zone X who at will be const	lood Zone X less than one hance flood). ere areas are ructed within
i) The only structure to be constructed within the p proposed Project will not expose people or struct flooding, including flooding as a result of the fail mudflow. There will be No Impact .	ures to a signif	ficant risk of los	s, injury or dea	ath involving
10. LAND USE PLANNING — Would the project:		_	-	
a) Physically divide an established community?				\boxtimes

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
b) Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
Analysis:				
a) The proposed Project is essentially an in-fill proowned by the Earlimart School District and direct physically dividing an established community. Curtraveling across the site, that is, "taking a short-cut" or Elm Road. Depending upon the time of the ye filled-to dusty, often with litter scattered throughout lawn areas, trees, shrubs, and other amenities that "short-cut" through their park. There will be No Imp	ly abutting an rently, the area, rather than water, the vacant out. When com will be inviting pact to this reso	existing elements is fenced off to alking a circuitous site's condition pleted, the park's to community ource.	ary school will discourage ped s route along So ranges from ba s benefits inclu members wish	not result in estrians from chool Avenue arren-to-weed ade extensive ing to take a
b) The Tulare County General Plan 2030 Update development of community parks. Key policies incl			ous policies su	ipporting the
 Policy LU-6.1 encourages the development Housing Policy 3.12 supports locally initiat facilities for residential areas within unincor Policy ERM-5.2 states that the County sha opportunities within community parks; Policy HS-9, states that "the County shall residewalks and walking and biking paths that 	ed programs to porated commu ill provide a br equire where fe	provide neighbor mities; oad range of acti asible the develo	rhood parks and	d recreational recreational
Based on the above policies, the proposed neighbor County General Plan.	rhood park is c	learly compatible	with policies	in the Tulare
The adopted 1988 Earlimart Community Plan of development of a park for the community. Policy 8.5 for construction in conjunction with a school site will County of Tulare, Earlimart School District, and EP will be No Impact to this resource.	2 specifically in hile Policy 8.11	ndicates that a nev emphasizes a co	w park should b operative effort	e considered between the
11. MINERALS AND OTHER NATURAL RESOURCES Would the project:				
a) Result in a loss of availability of a known mineral or other natural resource (timber,				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
oil, gas, water, etc.) that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes
Analysis:				
a) According to the CA Department of Conservation and oil are the Deer Creek, North; Deer Creek; and County. No gas or oil fields are within or near the absent within and near the proposed Project area. The b) The Tulare County Environmental Resources I contributors to the economics of Tulare County's movel as natural gas." The ERME also notes that, "Tulare County – the Kaweah River, Lewis Creek, a Valley portion of Tulare County, thus they are neither Project will result in No Impact to this resource.	Terra Bella field proposed Project Proposed Prop	ds located in the elect area. Timber a ject will result in lement (ERME) and are clay, sand, ave been major sover." These source	eastern Valley pand water resou No Impact to to states, "The man gravel, and crudences of sand sees are located in	ortion Tulare arces are also his resource. ost important ashed rock as and gravel in the eastern
12. NOISE Would the project:				·
a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
b) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground- borne noise levels?				
c) A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
d) A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been or public use airport, would the adopted, within two miles of a public airport project expose people residing or working in the				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
project area to excessive noise levels?				
f) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				

Analysis:

The Noise Element of the Tulare County General Plan (1988) recognizes areas that are potentially noise-impacted for existing (1986) and future (2010) conditions. Figure 3 of the Tulare County Noise Element establishes noise level criteria for typical land uses throughout Tulare County. Exterior noise levels in the range of 50-65 dB Ldn or Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) or below, are generally considered acceptable for residential land uses and 50-75 dB Ldn (or CNEL), or below are considered acceptable for industrial, manufacturing utilities, and agriculture land uses.

The distinction between short-term construction noise impacts and long-term operational noise impacts is a typical one in CEQA documents and local noise ordinances, which generally acknowledge that short-term noise from construction-related activities is inevitable and cannot be mitigated beyond a certain level. The Tulare County Noise Element does not identify short-term, construction-noise-level thresholds. It does, however, limit noise generating activities such as construction to hours of normal business operation unless specific County approval is given. Thus, local agencies consent to short-term noise at levels that they would not accept from permanent noise sources.

a) Proposed Project construction-related activity would involve temporary noise sources from earthmoving equipment operations which is anticipated to last approximately three months. Typical construction equipment would include a grader, trencher, and other miscellaneous equipment. During the construction phase, noise from construction activities would contribute to the noise environment in the immediate proposed Project vicinity. Activities involved in construction would generate maximum noise levels, as indicated in the table below, ranging from 79 to 91 dBA at a distance of 50 feet, without feasible noise control (e.g., mufflers, well maintained equipment, shielding noisier equipment parts, and/or time and activity constraints) and ranging from 75 to 80 dBA at a distance of 50 feet, with feasible noise control. The nearest residences are located approximately 60 feet east and south of the proposed Project site. However, during the landshaping phase of the proposed park, earthmoving equipment will circulate throughout the site which is approximately 415 feet from north to south and 586 feet from east to west thus dispersing both volume and frequency of noise exposure at variable distances resulting in dissipated dBA. The majority of earthmoving operations will occur beyond 50 feet in distance to the nearest residences. Although the noise generated from earthmoving equipment may exceed the 65 dB Ldn during earthmoving operations, the impact is short-term, temporary, and will only occur during normal business hours, typically from 8:00 a.m-5:00 p.m. The impact is Less Than Significant.

Typical Construction Noise Levels

Type of Equipmo	nt dBA at 5	dBA at 50 ft				
	Without Feasible Noise Control	With Feasible Noise Control				
Dozer or Tractor	80	75				

	Potentially Significan Impact		Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
Excavator	88	- 	80	
Scraper	88		80	
Front End Loader	79		75	
Backhoe	85		75	
Grader	85		75	
Truck	91		. 75	

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration. 2006.

b) Vibration is the periodic oscillation of a medium or object. Vibration sources may be continuous, such as factory machinery, or transient, such as explosions. Similar to airborne sound, ground borne vibrations may be described by amplitude and frequency. Vibration amplitudes are usually expressed in peak particle velocity (PPV) or root mean squared (RMS), as in RMS vibration velocity. The PPV and RMS (VbA) vibration velocity are normally described in inches per second (in/sec). PPV is defined as the maximum instantaneous positive or negative peak of a vibration signal and is often used in monitoring of blasting vibration because it is related to the stresses that are experienced by buildings (FTA 2006).

Although PPV is appropriate for evaluating the potential for building damage, it is not always suitable for evaluating human response. As it takes some time for the human body to respond to vibration signals, it is more prudent to use vibration velocity when measuring human response. The vibration velocity level is reported in decibels relative to a level of 1x10-6 inches per second and is denoted as VdB. The typical background vibration-velocity level in residential areas is approximately 50 VdB. Ground borne vibration is normally perceptible to humans at approximately 65 VdB. For most people, a vibration-velocity level of 75 VdB is the approximate dividing line between barely perceptible and distinctly perceptible levels (FTA 2006).

Typical outdoor sources of perceptible ground borne vibration are construction equipment, steel-wheeled trains, and traffic on rough roads. Construction vibrations can be transient, random, or continuous. The approximate threshold of vibration perception is 65 VdB, while 85 VdB is the vibration acceptable only if there are an infrequent number of events per day (FTA 2006). The table below describes the typical construction equipment vibration levels.

Typical Construction Vibration Levels

Equipment	VdB at 25 ft ²	
Small Bulldozer	58	
Jackhammer	79	

Source: U.S. Department of Transportation. Federal Transit Administration, Transit Noise and Vibration Impact Assessment. 2006.

Vibration from construction activities would be temporary and not exceed the FTA threshold for the nearest residences, approximately 60 feet east and south of the proposed Project. The impact would be Less Than Significant.

¹ Feasible noise control includes the use of intake mufflers, exhaust mufflers, and engine shrouds operating in accordance with manufacturers specifications.

			<u></u>			
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact		
c) Proposed Project construction-related activity would involve temporary noise sources from earthmoving equipment operations which is anticipated to last approximately three months thus avoiding a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project. The impact is Less Than Significant.						
d) Proposed Project construction-related activity would involve temporary noise sources from earthmoving equipment operations which is anticipated to last approximately three months resulting in a substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project. The impact is Less Than Significant .						
e and f) The proposed Project is not located within a public use airport, would the adopted, within two mi private airstrip. There is no possibility of exposing noise levels in or near an existing airport public or provided in the proposed project.	les of a public a people residing	airport project nor g or working in t	r is it within the he project area	vicinity of a		
13. POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:						
a) Cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections?						
b) Substantially change the demographics in the area?				\boxtimes		
c) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?						
d) Substantially alter the location, distribution, or density of the area's population?						
e) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?						
f) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes		
g) Conflict with adopted housing elements?				\boxtimes		
Analysis: a - g) The proposed Project is construction of a public park on currently vacant land owned by the Earlimart School District. It will not result in demographic or population changes; it will not induce growth; it will not alter the location, distribution, or density of the area's population; it will not displace any housing or people; nor will it conflict with the adopted housing element. There will be No Impact to these resources.						

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact	
14. PUBLIC OR UTILITY SERVICES	r -	1	т		
Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government and public services facilities, need for new or physically altered government facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:					
a) Fire protection?			\boxtimes		
b) Police protection?			\boxtimes		
c) Schools?					
d) Parks?					
e) Electrical power or natural gas?			\boxtimes		
f) Communication?					
g) Other public or utility services?				\boxtimes	
Analysis:			,		
a) Fire protection services to the Project site are provided by the Tulare County Fire Department substation in Earlimart. The Fire Department substation is manned 24 hours a day, 365 day per year by one full-time staff person and also has an additional engine resulting in two "units" which responds to fires, medical emergencies, motor vehicle accidents, technical rescue, and other life-threatening or dangerous situations. Additional fire protection resources are available if needed from Fire Department substations in the communities of Alpaugh, Pixley, and Richgrove. As noted earlier, there is a large water tank located at the northwest corner of the site used to store water dedicated for fire suppression purposes at the school. As the proposed Project does not involve any structures designed for human occupancy that could contribute to a need for expanded fire protection or other emergency services, impacts to fire protection will be Less Than Significant. b) Police services to the project site, which is located in unincorporated Tulare County, are provided by the County of Tulare Sheriff's Office. The project site is served by the Pixley Substation located in Pixley, CA (approximately 2 miles north of Earlimart) and additional Sheriff resources are available as needed via dispatch					
from the main Sheriff's Office in Visalia, CA. Curre	ently, there are	three full-time de	puties providin	established	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
beat area patrols, one each in Earlimart, Tipton, and Pixley. The substation provides patrol services 24-hours per day, 365 per year. In addition to the deputies, the Sheriff's Office also provides one full-time Community Based Officer (CBO) per day and if needed can assign an additional three CBOs to Earlimart. Lastly, the Sheriff's Office provides a School Resource Officer to Earlimart Elementary School one day per week.				
The proposed Project will not include new resider enforcement services. Calls to law enforcement can not anticipated to result in an increase in demand expansion of law enforcement facilities. The propo Impacts to police services will be Less Than Signif	not be predicted for law enforcesed park location	d; however, activi cement services r	ities at the propersulting in the	osed Park are need for the
c) The proposed Project will not result in the r population growth of school-aged children. There w	need for expan ill be No Impa	ded school facili	ties as it will	not result in
d) The proposed Project will provide a benefit as a proposed Project is consistent with the Earlimart Cobe No adverse Impact to this resource.	there are curren ommunity Plan	tly no parks with regarding recreat	in the communiconal/park need	ity. Also, the
e) The proposed Project will result in very minima No extension of natural gas services will be need. The	l electricity nee he impact will b	ds for streetlights be Less Than Sig	and possibly o	ther lighting.
f) The proposed Project will not result in the nee Impact.	d for additiona	l communication	services. There	e will be No
g) The proposed Project will not result in need for i the expansion of public facilities that will cause Impact.	ncreased deman adverse physic	nd for other public al environmental	c services causi l effects. There	ng a need for will be No
15. RECREATION Would the project?:				
a) Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				×

Analysis: As noted in discussion item 10. Land Use and Planning, the adopted 1988 Earlimart Community Plan contains policy at sections 8.1, 8.2, and 8.11 supporting development of a park for the community. Policy 8.2

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact	
specifically indicates that a new park should be considered for construction in conjunction with a school site while Policy 8.11 emphasizes a cooperative effort between the County of Tulare, Earlimart School District, and EPUD to meet the recreational needs of the community. The only recreational facilities currently accessible to the general public and the community are the school grounds when they are not in use by students or during school hours. The proposed Project will be the community's first public park. a) As there are currently no existing neighborhood or regional parks and other recreational facilities within the community of Earlimart, the proposed Project will not result in an increase in the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility will occur or be accelerated. There will be No Impact to this resource. b) The proposed Project will include recreational facilities and the construction of a new park; however, the construction of the new park and any ancillary recreational facilities will not result in the expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment. There will be No Impact to this resource.					
16. TRANSPORTATION/TRANSIT - Would the project?:				_	
a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?					
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?					
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes	
d) Substantially increase hazards due to a		-		M	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				}
e) Result in inadequate emergency access?				
f) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?				
Analysis:				
a and b) The proposed Project will not conflict measures of effectiveness for the performance of t congestion management program. The development not result in an increase in population nor corre- intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedes There will be No Impact .	the circulation : t of the propose esponding to a	system nor will i ed park is essentia en increase in ve	t conflict with Ily an in-fill pro chicle travel; t	an applicable oject that will herefore new
c) The proposed Project is not near an airport and either an increase in traffic levels or a change in loc Impact.	l will not result cation that resul	t in a change in a ts in substantial s	air traffic patter afety risks. The	ns, including re will be No
d) The proposed Project will be developed adjacent hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves equipment). There will be No Impact .	nt to existing str or dangerous i	reets; as such it w ntersections) or i	rill not substant ncompatible us	ially increase es (e.g., farm
e) As there will be no changes to any streets directl could be used for emergency access, there will be N	y adjacent to or or or or or	in proximity of t	he proposed Pr	oject site that
f) The proposed Project will not conflict with adbicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrea is currently available within the community with another within ½ northeast of the site. Planned con Elm and School Streets will enhance pedestrian resource.	se the performater transit stops longer astruction of sin	ance or safety of a cated approximat dewalks adjacent	such facilities. ely ¼ north of to the propose	Public transit the site and d park along
17. UTLITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS — Would the project?:				
a) Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
b) Require or result in the construction of new		-		1

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact	
water or wastewater treatment or collection facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?					
c) Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction which could cause significant environmental effects?					
d) Have sufficient water supplies, including fire flow available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?					
e) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				×	
f) Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			Ø		
g) Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?					
Analysis: a, b, and e) The proposed Project does not include any restroom facilities that would require wastewater treatment. Drinking fountains will be included; however, it is not anticipated that water originating from this source will be substantial. As such the proposed Project will not require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment or collection facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects. There will be No Impact.					
c) As noted in Item 9 Hydrology and Water Quality, c-f, above, a swale will be included as part of the proposed Project for storm-water retention with biofiltration to capture and detain runoff from the site to facilitate cleansing and partial infiltration prior to discharge; and the proposed Project will not create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems. Thus, the proposed Project will not require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction which could cause significant environmental effects. There will be a Less Than Significant Impact.					

	Potentially	Less Than	Less than	No Impact
	Significant	Significant	Significant	I
	Impact	with	Impact	
	-	Mitigation	•	
		Incorporated		
		1		
d) Earlimart Elementary School currently receives District (EPUD). As the proposed park will be a codrinking water service will be extended to the park from the water fountains, as such there will be sustructure proposed for the Project is the multi-us structures constructed for human occupancy or of see available to serve the project if needed. As the elementary school site, no existing entitlements and The Earlimart Public Utilities District (EPUD) and water services for the existing elementary school. Eirrigate the existing landscaped areas. The Earlimart for irrigation purposes and will be requesting additionate water provider for irrigating purposes will be determed by incorporating the water conservation measures in use of water for irrigating will be maximized to the Than Significant. f) As the proposed park will be a component of the service will be extended to the park. The proposed potentially impact a landfill in an adverse manner permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solution. There will be No Impact.	emponent of the The only use of the only use of the interest area substantive economics in the Delano-Earth D	ing) water from to existing school, of drinking water upplies to accomshade structure. In a second water and conserved or expanded limart Irrigation I drinking water water to irrigate the group completion of de Hydrology and We and practicable will be served by all needs. There we	it is anticipated at the proposed modate this ne There will be uch, sufficient asidered part of entitlements will be DEID prove EID as the supproposed park, esign and enging a ter Quality, The impact we ted that existing waste in quantity a landfill will be No Impact	that existing park will be ed. The only no habitable fire flow will the existing ll be needed, both provide ides water to blier of water The specific eering plans, b, above, the fill be a Less g solid waste ties that will ith sufficient ct.
18. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF	·- ·- I			
SIGNIFICANCE				
a) Does the project have the potential to		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
substantially degrade the quality of the				
environment, substantially reduce the				
habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a				5 7
fish or wildlife population to drop below				\boxtimes
			Ĭ.	
self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a				
plant or animal community, reduce the		1		
number or restrict the range of an				
endangered, rare or threatened plant or				
animal species, or eliminate important				
examples of the major periods of California				
history or prehistory?				
b) Does the project have environmental		-	_	
impacts that are individually limited, but	ŀ	i		
cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively				i
Calliantivoly			Į.	ī

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
considerable" means the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

Analysis:

- a) As discussed in Item 4 Biological Resources, the proposed Project site is predominantly vacant and devoid of any naturally occurring vegetation. No riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities were observed during a visual inspection by RMA staff, however, a biological survey will be conducted prior to commencement of construction-related activities to document the absence of riparian habitat or other natural communities. The proposed Project will add an aquatic feature on the Project site in the form of a storm-water retention swale; however, it has been noted that the primary function of the swale is for storm-water retention with biofiltration to capture and detain runoff from the site to facilitate cleansing and partial infiltration prior to discharge and not as potential habitat. The site does not contain any riparian habitat or other natural communities nor are there any wetlands on or in proximity of the site. As noted earlier, there are eight mature Modesto Ash trees planted on the site that are diseased and will be removed as part of the Project. The biological survey will assess the trees as potential habitat or nesting sites. Based upon the recommendations contained in the biological survey, appropriate measures will be taken to ensure that an accidental take does not occur prior to the planned removal of the trees. As noted in item 5. Cultural Resources, a cultural resources records search was conducted on July 6, 2012 for Tulare County RMA staff by the Southern San Joaquin Valley (SSJVIC) Historical Resources Information Center (HRIC), California State University, Bakersfield (RS #12-213) indicating that no cultural resources surveys have been conducted within the proposed Project area. Also, there is no evidence or documentation of any archaeological or historical sites having been recorded within the proposed Project area. No formal cemeteries or other places of human internment are known to exist on the Project site. Therefore, the proposed Project does not have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of an endangered, rare or threatened plant or animal species, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. There will be No Impact to this resource.
- b) The proposed Project will result in the community's first public park. It is not growth inducing therefore it will not impact resources such as air quality, noise, Greenhouse Gas Emissions, hazard or hazardous materials, hydrology and water quality, population and housing, pubic services, transportation/traffic, or utilities and service systems. The proposed Project will not result in environmental impacts that are individually limited nor cumulatively considerable. There will be **No adverse Impact** to this resource.
- c) The proposed Project will allow the community to realize its first public park, is consistent with the Earlimart

Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less than Significant Impact	No Impact
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Community Plan, and will provide recreational benefits to school children and the general public. The proposed Project will not result in environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly. There will be **No adverse Impact** to this resource.

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- 25. Telephone conversation between Dennis Keller, Keller-Wegley Engineering, consulting engineers for the Earlimart Public Utilities District, and Hector Guerra, Chief Environmental Planner, RMA, Planning Branch, July 6, 2012.
- 26. Telephone conversation between Mike Fernandez, Director of Maintenance and Operations, Earlimart School District, and Hector Guerra, Chief Environmental Planner, RMA, Planning Branch, July 9, 2012.
- 27. Telephone conversation between Ted Mendoza, Fire Chief, Tulare County Fire Department, and Hector Guerra, Chief Environmental Planner, RMA, Planning Branch, July 16, 2012.

APPENDIX A

Biological Evaluation of Potential Impacts to Special Status Species (Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species and Species of Special Concern) and Natural Habitat Areas

Earlimart Neighborhood Park, Tulare County, California

Hansen's Biological Consulting

Biological Evaluation of Potential Impacts to Special Status Species (Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species and Species of Special Concern) and Natural Habitat Areas on Approximately 4 Acres of Property Under Consideration as the Earlimart Neighborhood Park

Located at 949 East School Avenue, Earlimart, Tulare County, California (Tulare County APN 381-084-01)

Prepared for:

Diana Poole: Grants Specialist

County of Tulare: Resource Management Agency

5961 South Mooney Boulevard

Visalia, CA 93277

Prepared by:

Robert B. Hansen

HANSEN'S BIOLOGICAL CONSULTING

5448 W. Sunnyview Avenue Visalia, California 93291

November 14, 2012

ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM: BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Will the proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact (by virtue of Mitigation)	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either Directly or through habitat modifications, on any Species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, Policies, or regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				X
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any Riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans,				X
Policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) though direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				X
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife Species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				X
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as tree protection ordinances?				х

ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM: BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES (continued)

Will the proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Impact (by virtue of Mitigation)	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plans.				X
g) Reduce substantially the habitat of a fish or Wildlife species, including causing a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels or threaten to eliminate an animal community?				X
h) Result in the degradation of water quality in seasonal creeks, reservoirs, and downstream waters?				X
i) Disturb any active raptor nests during project implementation or construction activities?				X

1.0 Summary

Tulare County (in collaboration with the Earlimart School District) proposes to create Earlimart Neighborhood Park in the County of Tulare through development of a 4-acre vacant parcel in the southeastern portion of Earlimart in southwestern Tulare County, California (Figure 1).

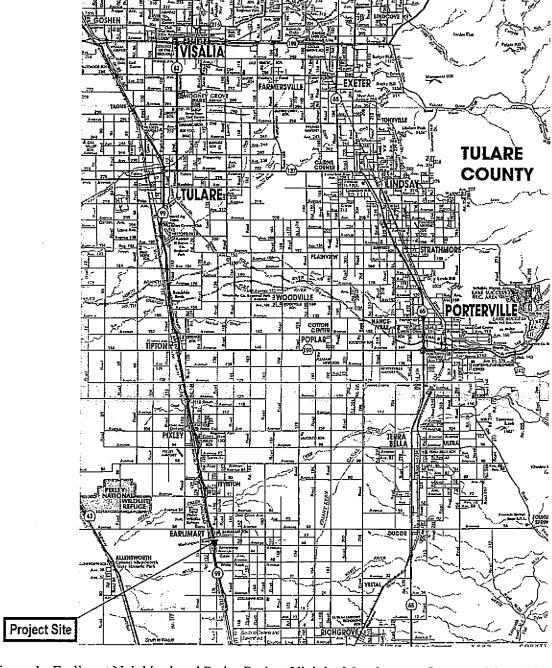


Figure 1. Earlimart Neighborhood Park - Project Vicinity Map (source: Compass Maps, 2003)

The polygon-shaped parcel where the park will be developed is located just northwest of the intersection of School Avenue and Elm Road in the Community of Earlimart (Figure 2).

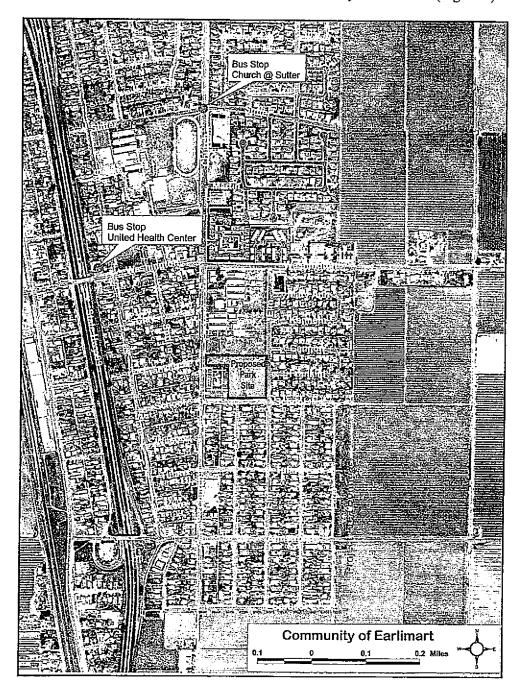


Figure 2. Community of Earlimart (showing proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park site outlined in green). Source: Tulare County Resource Management Agency (2012).

The proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park site is located in the northwest ¼ of the southwest ¼ of Section 34, Township 23 South, Range 25 East, MDB&M (Figure 3) approximately 1.8 miles north of the White River channel and just under 2.0 miles south of Deer Creek.

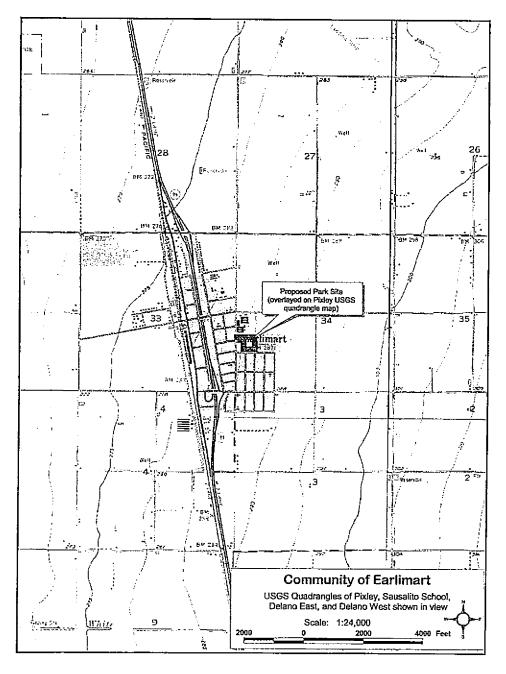


Figure 3. Proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park site overlaid on USGS Composite map (using portions of the Pixley, Sausalito School, Delano East, and Delano West Quadrangle maps). Source: Tulare County Resource Management Agency (2012).

Tulare County Resource Management Agency (Tulare County RMA) contacted Robert Hansen of Hansen's Biological Consulting (HBC) on July 6, 2012 to request a proposal for conducting a Biological Walk-Thru or Survey on the proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park Project site. On

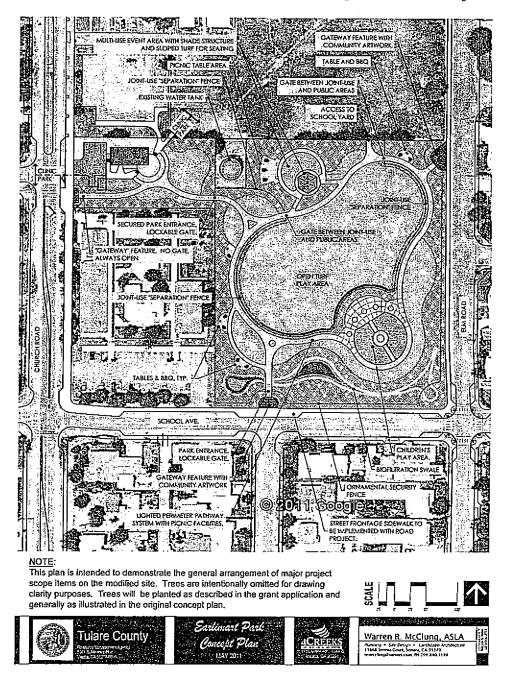


Figure 4. Proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park Concept Plan (showing location of major project components). Source: Tulare Co. Resource Management Agency (May 2012).

July 11, 2012 Robert Hansen presented Tulare County RMA with a time line, scope of work and cost estimate to perform this desktop analysis and field survey. Once all of the Tulare County RMA contract and insurance paperwork was completed (after August 10, 2012), the field survey was conducted (and all photographs in this report were taken) on August 24, 2012 (Table 1).

Field Survey Date	Biologist(s) in the Field	Field Hours
August 24, 2012	Robert Hansen	4:33 - 6:52 PM (2.33 hours)

Table 1. Field Survey Dates, Personnel, and Hours

2.0 Background

2.1 Survey Purpose

The study area for this proposed project would normally have included the approximately 4-acre Project Site along with an approximately 500-foot wide buffer area as specified in the survey protocols for most Special Status Species, including survey protocol for burrowing owl (CDFG 1995) but, because the Project Site is surrounded by paved residential roads, private residential property, and developed/paved/landscaped school and child-care facilities, it was not possible to survey a standard buffer area. The purpose of the study was to survey the Project Site (Figure 4) and characterize habitat potential for all flora and fauna. Additionally, the survey was conducted to document presence of species with legal protection or that elicit particular concern about their population status. Such species include plants and animals listed as threatened or endangered by either the state of California or the federal government, as well as those species identified otherwise as being of elevated conservation concern, owing to uncertainty about their true status, or a lack of recent information on their population trend. State and federal laws have given the California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG) and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) a mechanism for conserving and protecting the diversity of plant and animal species native to the state. Other species have been designated as "species of special concern" by CDFG. The California Native Plant Society (CNPS) has also developed its own lists of native plants considered rare, threatened, or endangered (CNPS 2008). Collectively, these plants and animals are referred to herein as "special-status species." Nine of the 69 Special Status species that could occur in the survey area (Table 2) are the following plants and animals which are listed as threatened or endangered by either the state of California or the federal government: California jewel-flower (Caulanthus californicus), vernal pool fairy shrimp (Branchinecta lynchi), bluntnosed leopard lizard (Gambelia sila), Swainson's hawk (Buteo swainsoni), greater sandhill crane (Grus canadensis tabida), least Bell's vireo (Vireo belli pusillus), San Joaquin antelope squirrel (Ammospermophilus nelsoni), Tipton kangaroo rat (Dipodomys nitratoides nitratoides), and San Joaquin kit fox (Vulpes macrotis mutica). Furthermore, there are 30 animal species potentially found in the surrounding region that are classified as California Species of Special Concern (Table 2). In addition to documenting the biological species present, the potential for impacts to special-status species associated with development of the proposed neighborhood park was evaluated. This document provides results of the desktop and field studies documenting species presence and habitat condition. The potential for each of the identified Special Status species to occur is discussed in detail in Section 3.0.

2.2 Project Description

Tulare County (in collaboration with the Earlimart School District) proposes to create Earlimart Neighborhood Park through development of a 4-acre vacant parcel. In Figure 4 (see above), the larger portion of the proposed park site (Tulare County APN 381-084-01) is a rectangular plot of ground measuring approximately 365 feet E-W by 420 feet N-S centered at approximately these coordinates: 35°52'54.14"N, 119°15'59.98"W (fide GoogleEarth). This approximately 3.5-acre plot is located just east of the Earlimart Child Development Center (northeast of the intersection of School Avenue and Church Street). The smaller portion of the proposed park site is a rectangular plot of ground measuring approximately 225 feet E-W by 110 feet N-S centered at approximately these coordinates: 35°52'55.66"N, 119°16'03.51"W (fide GoogleEarth). This approximately 0.5-acre plot (which extends west to Church Street between the Earlimart Child Development Center and Earlimart Elementary School) currently contains a 0.15-acre storm water basin that measures approximately 95 feet E-W by 70 feet N-S. The 4-acre Earlimart Park Concept Plan (Figure 4) includes the following major project scope components: 1) a large open turf play area; 2) a multi-use event area with shade structure and sloped turf for seating; 3) a children's play area; 4) a biofiltration swale; 5) a lighted perimeter pathway system with picnic facilities; 6) tables and barbecue facilities; 7) street frontage sidewalk; 8) 2 gateway features with community artwork (one each on the School Avenue and Elm Road sides of the park); 9) a "gateway" feature with no gate (always open) on the Church Road Park entrance; and 10) an ornamental security fence.

2.3 Existing Setting

The majority of the acreage on the parcel under consideration for this proposed community park is currently uncultivated, frequently disked vacant land. The park site is bounded on the east and south by paved two-lane residential streets. Single-family residences are located east of Elm Road and south of School Avenue (Figure 5 and Figure 6). Earlimart Child Development Center

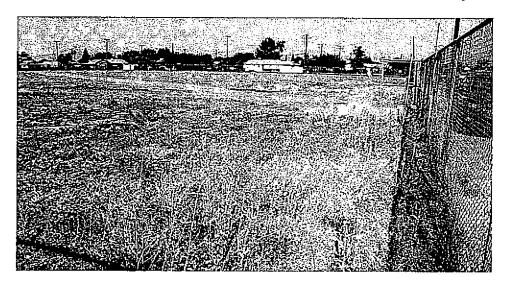


Figure 5. View due east along southern boundary of the proposed park showing private residential property east of Elm Road. School Avenue is located just south of the chain-link perimeter fence.



Figure 6. View due south along eastern boundary of proposed park showing private residential property south of School Avenue. South Elm Road is located just east of the chain-link perimeter fence.

(located northeast of the intersection of School Avenue and Church Street) is bounded on the north and east by portions of the proposed park (Figure 7 and Figure 8). The proposed park is

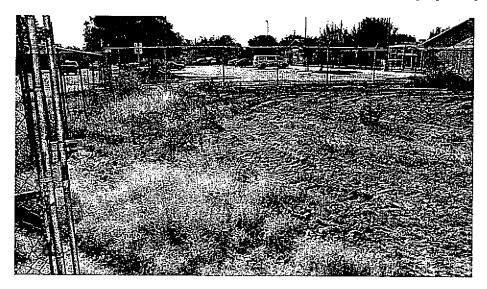


Figure 7. In this view to the west of the Project Site, the parking lot of the Earlimart Child Development Center (located northeast of the intersection of School Avenue and Church Street) is visible just west of the proposed park's western boundary fence.

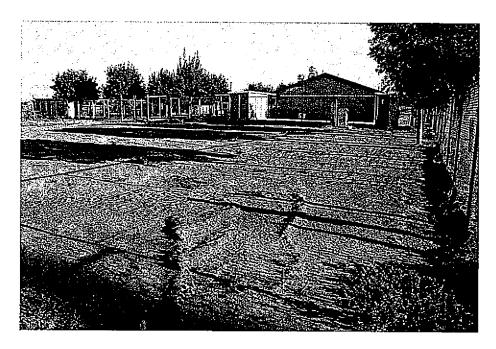


Figure 8. This is a view south across the smaller (0.5-acre) rectangular portion of the proposed park site that extends west to Church Street along the northern edge of the Earlimart Child Development Center (the buildings, play area, and landscaping located just south of the fence in this photo).

bordered on the north by the Earlimart Elementary School playground and parking lot (Figure 9 and Figure 10).

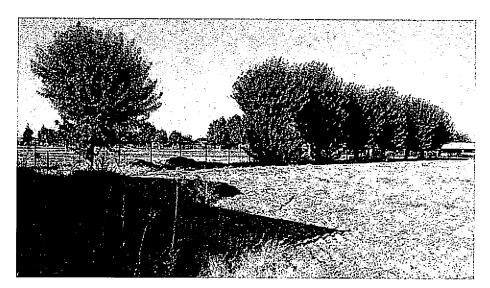


Figure 9. This is a view northeast from just east of the water tank (see location in Figure 4) towards the Earlimart Elementary School playground (located just west of South Elm Road north of the Project Site).



Figure 10. This is a view north across the nearly vegetation-free smaller (0.5-acre) rectangular portion of the proposed park site that extends west to Church Street just south of the Earlimart Elementary School parking lot (located just north of the fence in this photo).

While there are no residences on the Project Site, a large water tank stands in a fenced area just west of the center of the proposed park's northern border (Figure 11). A chain-link fence



Figure 11. In this view (from just east of Church Street) east across the nearly vegetation-free smaller (0.5-acre) rectangular portion of the proposed park site, the water tank stands in a small fenced enclosure at the northwest corner of the larger (3.5-acre) portion of the Project Site.

surrounds the entire proposed park site (except for openings along the south edge near the southwest corner and just south of the northeast corner of the 3.5-acre portion of the proposed parcel). Those two gaps in the fence are connected by a 515-foot long dirt pedestrian pathway that extends northeast from School Avenue to the Elm Road side of the property (Figure 12). Mounded soil (fill dirt) has been stockpiled in the portion of the property just south of the water tank (Figure 13).

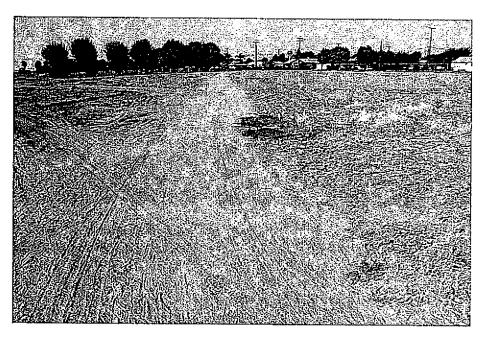


Figure 12. A pedestrian pathway extends 515 feet northeast across the predominantly vegetation-free Project Site from an opening in the perimeter chain-link fence just east of the parcel's southwest corner (on the north side of School Avenue) to another gap in the perimeter fence just south of the parcel's northeast corner (on the west side of South Elm Road).

The Project Site is located on flat Valley floor land with minimal topographic relief. The elevations on the Project Site trend gently down-gradient E-W from an elevation of approximately 289 feet above mean sea level along the east edge of the Project Site (along South Elm Road) to an elevation of approximately 287 feet above mean sea level along the west edge of the Project Site (along South Church Street). All of the soils in the 4-acre proposed park site comprise one soil unit: Hanford sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (USDA NRCS 2011). This soil mapping unit, verified on the NRCS Web Soil Survey (http://websoilsurvey.nrcs. usda.gov), is decribed as follows:

• Hanford sandy loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes (Map Unit Symbol HbA). This is a very deep, well drained soil. Slope is 0 to 2 percent. This soil type covers the entire 4-acre proposed Neighborhood Park site survey area. This soil, to a depth of 0 to 30 inches, consists of a pale brown sandy loam. This soil is well drained, slope is 0 to 2 percent, and



Figure 13. Mounded soil (fill dirt) has been stockpiled on this portion of the Project Site just south of the water tank and just east of the fence that separates the proposed Neighborhood Park site from the Earlimart Child Development Center.

suitable land uses include irrigated crops and building site development. This soil meets the criteria for prime farmland as outlined in the USDA Land Inventory and Monitoring (LIM) Project for the Soil Survey of Tulare County, California, Western Part, 2003.

Native plant communities, named for the dominant species found, indicate plant species present and habitat types and animal species that may also be found. Although six plant series (native plant communities) that are described by Sawyer-Keeler-Wolf (2009) and Holland (1986) or are listed by the CDFG in its *List of California Terrestrial Natural Communities* (September 2003) occur in southwestern Tulare County in the vicinity of the Project Site:

- 1. Valley Sink Scrub (CNDDB Element Code 36210);
- 2. Valley Saltbush Scrub (CNDDB Element Code 36220);
- 3. Valley Sacaton Grassland (CNDDB Element Code 42120) and Non-Native Grassland (CNDDB Element Code 42200);
- 4. Northern Claypan Vernal Pool (CNDDB Element Code 44120);
- 5. Cismontane Alkali Marsh (CNDDB Element Code 52310) and Coastal and Valley Freshwater Marsh (CNDDB Element Code 52410); and
- 6. Great Valley Willow Scrub (CNDDB Element Code 63410)

none of these plant communities actually occur on or in the vicinity of the proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park site. Currently the most widespread native plant community on the Valley floor in this portion of southwestern Tulare County is California Annual Grassland Series (Sawyer & Keeler-Wolf 1995 p. 4; 42.040.00) which is also known as Non-native Grassland (CNDDB Element Code 42200). This grassland is dominated by introduced (non-native) Mediterranean annual grasses and native and non-native forbs.

Most of the Project Site acreage had been disked earlier this year (as is typical on such vacant urban property where weed control is done to minimize fire hazard) and was devoid of vegetation on the field survey day (August 24, 2012). Except on those portions of the Project Site where there are scattered stands of ruderal (weedy) vegetation (especially in the 0.15-acre storm water basin between Earlimart Elementary School and the Earlimart Child Development Center), there is little to no vegetation anywhere on the proposed Neighborhood Park site and none of the areas supporting vegetation qualify as non-native grassland (or any other natural plant community). The term "ruderal" refers to highly disturbed areas supporting predominantly non-native vegetation or areas where most plants once native to grassland and other natural communities are now absent. This association of plant species is not among those listed by Holland (1986) as a native plant community but is a recognizable assemblage of plants that occurs on vacant ground and similar areas where the soil surface has been altered due to clearing by excavation, bulldozing, disking, herbicide application, grazing or any other physical process. Unlike mowing or burning where the soil and its seed bank are not seriously altered, these forms of physical disturbance tend to create conditions where opportunistic colonizers ("weeds") can become established. Relatively few native plants are found in ruderal habitat. The only trees (or woody shrubs) on the Project Site are 7 white mulberry (Morus alba) trees located east of and 4 more mulberry trees located just west of the existing water tank along the northern border of the proposed park (Figures 9, 10, 11, and 12 above and Figure 14) and a few seedling Chinese

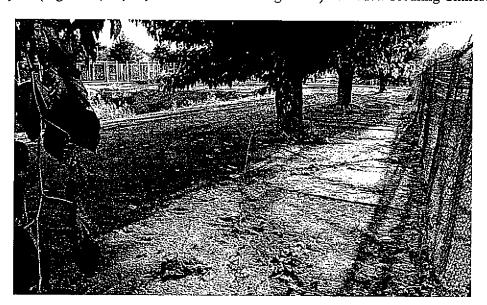


Figure 14. Four white mulberry trees grow west of the water tank along the north boundary of the nearly vegetation-free smaller (0.5-acre) rectangular portion of the proposed park site.

This is a view west from the east-most of those 4 mulberry trees. The approximately 0.15-acre storm water basin is the low-lying, ruderal area just south of the 3 trees.

pistache (*Pistacia chinensis*) trees. Although cultivated, irrigated agricultural land (a vineyard) is located just 0.15 mile east of the Project Site at the east end of School Avenue (on the east side of Lane Road), the closest remnant parcels of relatively undisturbed *natural* habitat (uncultivated alkaline annual grassland) are located approximately 1.5 miles west-southwest, 1.7 miles northnortheast, and 2.6 miles northeast of the Project Site. Other trees that formerly stood just north of School Avenue and just west of South Elm Street (until at least December 30, 2005) had been removed by August 4, 2006 (fide GoogleEarth historical imagery).

Desktop Analysis

A 2012 California Natural Diversity Data Base (CNDDB) "Rarefind" printout was consulted to generate a list of all Element Occurrences (occurrences of all Special Status species in the CNDDB files) on the Pixley Quad (where the Project Site is located) and the surrounding eight Quads: Allensworth, Alpaugh, Delano East, Delano West, Sausalito School, Taylor Weir, Tipton, and Woodville.

A total of 25 taxa (taxonomic units, including species and subspecies) - 8 plant species and 17 animal species - were listed on this CNDDB printout (along with 5 sensitive plant communities). An additional 44 taxa were added to the report from other sources besides the CNDDB. Some of these additional taxa are included on the American Bird Conservancy's United States Watch List (http://www.abcbirds.org/abcprograms/science/watchlist/WatchList.pdf) and on the Riparian Habitat Joint Venture's list of Focal Species (http://www.prbo.org/calpif/htmldocs/riparian.html).

There were thus 69 Special Status taxa that were addressed during this biological assessment. Records of some of the additional 44 species come primarily from personal field notes generated by Robert Hansen during 42 years of field work in this part of the San Joaquin Valley. The entire list of 69 taxa includes eight plants, a crustacean, one beetle species, one fish, one amphibian, four reptiles, forty-four birds, and nine mammal species. All 69 of the taxa addressed in this report are listed below with their legal status codes.

Table 2 Taxa Present in Project Area (found through Desktop Study)			
Species/Subspecies	Scientific Name	Status Code(s)	
Earlimart orache	Atriplex cordulata var. erecticaulis	CNPS 1B.2	
brittlescale	Atriplex depressa	CNPS 1B.2	
vernal pool smallscale	Atriplex persistens	CNPS 1B.2	
subtle orache	Atriplex subtilis	CNPS 1B.2	
alkali mariposa-lily	Calochortus striatus	CNPS 1B.2	
California jewel-flower	Caulanthus californicus	FE, SE, CNPS 1B.1	
recurved larkspur	Delphinium recurvatum	CNPS 1B.2	
Coulter's goldfields	Lasthenia glabrata ssp. coulteri	CNPS 1B.1	
vernal pool fairy shrimp	Branchinecta lynchi	FE, G3	
San Joaquin tiger beetle	Cicindela tranquebarica joaquinensis		

Table 2 Taxa Present in Project Area (found through Desktop Study)			
Species/Subspecies	Scientific Name	Status Code(s)	
Kern brook lamprey	Entosphenus hubbsi	CSC	
western spadefoot	Spea hammondii	CSC, G3	
western pond turtle	Emys marmorata	CSC, G3	
coast horned lizard	Phrynosoma blainvillii	CSC, G4	
blunt-nosed leopard lizard	Gambelia sila	FE, SE, SFP, G1	
San Joaquin coachwhip (aka San Joaquin whipsnake)	Masticophis flagellum ruddocki	CSC	
fulvous whistling-duck	Dendrocygna bicolor	CSC	
redhead	Aythya americana	CSC	
Clark's grebe	Aechmophorus clarkii	WL	
American white pelican	Pelecanus erythrorhynchos	CSC	
least bittern	Ixobrychus exilis (nesting)	G5	
great blue heron	Ardea herodias (nesting colony)	G5	
great egret	Ardea alba (nesting colony)	G5	
snowy egret	Egretta thula (nesting colony)	G5	
black-crowned night-heron	Nycticorax nycticorax (nesting colony)	G5	
white-faced ibis	Plegadis chihi (nesting colony)	G5	
white-tailed kite	Elanus leucurus	nesting	
northern harrier	Circus cyaneus (nesting)	CSC, G5	
Cooper's hawk	Accipiter cooperii	nesting	
Swainson's hawk	Buteo swainsoni (nesting)	ST, WL, G5	
ferruginous hawk	Buteo regalis	CSC, G4	
golden eagle	Aquila chrysaetos	SFP (wintering)	
lesser sandhill crane	Grus canadensis canadensis	CSC (wintering)	
greater sandhill crane	Grus canadensis tabida	ST (nesting & wintering), SFP	
western snowy plover	Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus	CSC,WL	
mountain plover	Charadrius montanus	CSC (wintering), WL	
long-billed curlew	Numenius americanus	WL, G5	
black tern	Chlidonia niger	CSC	
Forster's tern	Sterna forsteri	nesting colony	
burrowing owl	Athene cunicularia	CSC (nesting), G4	
long-eared owl	Asio otus	CSC	
short-eared owl	Asio flammeus	CSC	

Table 2 Taxa Present in Project Area (found through Desktop Study)			
Species/Subspecies	Scientific Name	Status Code(s)	
Nuttall's woodpecker	Picoides nuttallii	nesting, WL	
merlin	Falco columbarius	CSC, G5	
loggerhead shrike	Lanius ludovicianus	CSC, G4	
least Bell's vireo	Vireo belli pusillus	FE, SE, WL	
California horned lark	Eremophila alpestris actia	WL	
tree swallow	Tachycineta bicolor	RJV	
common yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas	RJV	
yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia brewsteri	CSC, RJV	
yellow-breasted chat	Icteria virens	CSC	
Oregon vesper sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus affinis	CSC	
lark sparrow	Chondestes grammacus	nesting	
Bell's sage sparrow	Amphispiza belli belli	WL	
song sparrow	Melospiza melodia	RJV	
black-headed grosbeak	Pheucticus melanocephalus	RJV	
blue grosbeak	Passerina caerulea	RJV	
tricolored blackbird	Agelaius tricolor	CSC (nesting colony), WL, G2	
yellow-headed blackbird	Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus	CSC. G5	
Lawrence's goldfinch	Spinus lawrencei	WL	
Townsend's big-eared bat	Corynorhinus townsendii	CSC	
spotted bat	Euderma maculatum	CSC	
western mastiff bat	Eumpos perotis californicus	CSC	
San Joaquin antelope squirrel	Ammospermophilus nelsoni	FC, ST	
Dulzura pocket mouse	Chaetodipus californicus femoralis	CSC	
Tipton kangaroo rat	Dipodomys nitratoides nitratoides	FE, SE	
Tulare grasshopper mouse	Onychomys torridus tularensis	CSC	
San Joaquin kit fox	Vulpes macrotis mutica	FE, ST, G4	
American badger	Taxidea taxus	CSC, G5	

Key:

FΕ

Listed as endangered by the federal government Listed as threatened by the federal government Riparian Habitat Joint Venture Focal Species FT

RJV

Table 2 Taxa Present in Project Area (found through Desktop Study)			
Species/Subspecies	Scientific Name	Status Code(s)	

Key (continued):

- SE Listed as endangered in the state of California
- ST Listed as threatened in the state of California
- SFP Fully protected species in the state of California
- CSC California species of special concern
- WL American Bird Conservancy's United States Watch List of Birds of Conservation Concern (http://www.abcbirds.org/abcprograms/science/watchlist/WatchList.pdf)

California Native Plant Society List

- 1B.1 Plants rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere; seriously threatened in California
- IB.2 Plants rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere; fairly threatened in California
- G1 Critically Imperiled At very high risk of extinction due to extreme rarity, very steep declines, or other factors. Less than 6 viable occurrences (EOs) OR less than 1,000 individuals OR less than 2,000 acres.
- G2 Imperiled At high risk of extinction due to very restricted range, very few populations, steep declines, or other factors. 6–20 element occurrences OR 1,000–3,000 individuals OR 2,000–10.000 acres.
- G3 21-100 element occurrences OR 3,000-10,000 individuals OR 10,000-50,000 acres.
- G4 Apparently secure, this rank is clearly lower than G3 but factors exist to cause some concern; e.g., there is some threat, or habitat is somewhat narrow.
- G5 Population or stand demonstrably secure to ineradicable due to being commonly found in the world.

Field Surveys

The biological resources survey was conducted by biologist Robert Hansen, MA (Hansen's Biological Consulting). Eight, meandering walking transects (on 50-foor centers) were used to cover the Project Site (along with a perimeter transect around the entire Project Site) with special attention being paid to property borders and uncultivated areas where burrows, if present, would be undisturbed by disking or other tractor work. Transect surveys on the Project Site were used to look for any evidence (including dens, scats, prey remains, tracks, etc.) of San Joaquin kit fox, Swainson's hawk, burrowing owl, and any other Special Status species. Nesting bird potential and Special Status Species presence were surveyed for at the habitat level. Protocol surveys for Special Status Species were not performed as part of this survey. Mr. Hansen spent parts of three field survey hours walking meandering transects in order to achieve 100% visual coverage of the area, to provide a complete site reconnaissance, and to identify habitat features or indications of Special Status species. Habitat types and lists of plant and animal species observed were recorded. A list of native and non-native flora (Appendix A) and fauna (Appendix B) observed was prepared. Following the survey protocol for burrowing owl (CDFG 1995), the biologist

walked 8 parallel transects, generally at 15-meter (approximately 50-foot) intervals, maintaining 100% visual coverage, to identify burrows or other evidence of habitat potential. These transects also allowed for detection of plants, birds, and other wildlife and habitats of other Special Status species (and similarly satisfied survey protocol requirements for San Joaquin kit fox den searching). Blunt-nosed leopard lizard protocol-level surveys were not conducted because Hansen's Biological Consulting, experienced in blunt-nosed leopard lizard ecology, determined that suitable natural habitat for the lizard does not exist on this frequently disked property.

During the survey, Mr. Hansen recorded all species of vascular plants ("higher" plants with tissues that transport water, minerals, and photosynthetic materials, as distinguished from simpler plants that lack conductive tissues) primarily non-native grasses and wildflowers, and all vertebrate fauna, primarily birds, to describe the general setting and to compile a species list for the Project Site. In addition, this survey included more intensive searches for the broad list of all 70 Special Status species (Table 2).

3.0 Results

Plants

The Project Site supports a flora of only 26 (twenty-six) species of vascular plants (Appendix A). Only six of the total 26 plant species (23% of the species richness) were native species. All seven grass species on the Project Site were non-native species; predominantly Bermuda grass (Cynodon dactylon), Johnsongrass (Sorghum halepense), and scattered patches of ripgut grass (Bromus diandrus), wild oat (Avena fatua), and hare barley (Hordeum murinum ssp. leporinum), with extensive, dense stands of Italian ryegrass (Lolium multiflorum) and smaller numbers of watergrass (Echinochloa crus-galli) in the storm water basin. In Figure 7 (on page 7), note the dense stand of Bermuda grass along the Project Site's south boundary fence.

Only 5 of the 17 forbs on the Project Site (29%) are native species. The most common native forbs which comprise some of the herbaceous cover on the Project Site are small-flowered fiddleneck (Amsinckia menziesii), horseweed (Conyza canadensis), and annual fireweed (Epilobium brachycarpum). Of the 11 species of non-native forbs observed on the Project Site, the seven dominant species are puncture vine (Tribulus terrestris), prickly lettuce (Lactuca serriola), lamb's quarters (Chenopodium album), London rocket (Sisymbrium irio), flax-leaved fleabane (Conyza bonariensis), prostrate knotweed (Polygonum aviculare), and burclover (Medicago polymorpha) which was abundant in the bottom of the storm water basin.

Since the majority of the acreage on the proposed Earlimart Neighborhood Park site had been disked earlier this year (it is usually disked twice each year) most of the Project Site was devoid of vegetation on the field survey day (Figure 15). Most of the scattered stands of ruderal (weedy) vegetation were some mixture of the species (primarily non-natives) mentioned in the above 2 paragraphs. A typical "mat" of ruderal vegetation located along the west edge of the Project Site just north of School Avenue consisted of Bermuda grass, puncture vine, and prostrate amaranth (Figure 16). The storm water basin just north of the Earlimart Child Development Center contained the most extensive stands of ruderal vegetation anywhere on the property (Figure 17).

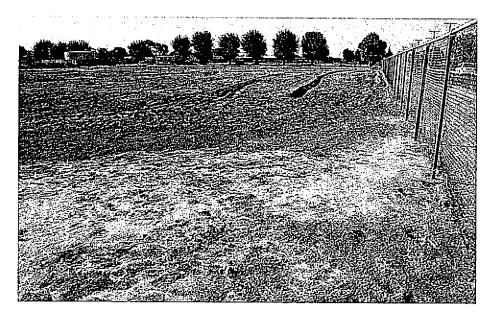


Figure 15. Because of periodic disking (note tractor tire tracks just west of the park site's east boundary fence along South Elm Street), the majority of the acreage on the Project Site resembled the bare ground in this photograph and was devoid of vegetation on the field survey day.

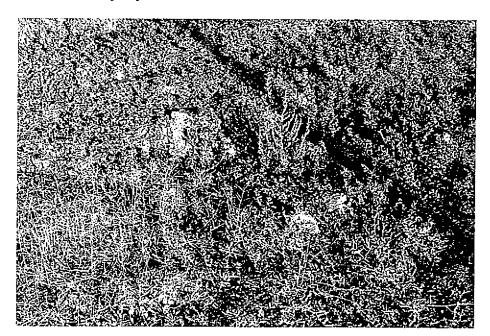


Figure 16. This typical "mat" of ruderal vegetation (located along the west edge of the Project Site just north of School Avenue) consists of Bermuda grass (lower left), puncture vine (upper left), and prostrate amaranth (the taller plants on the right).

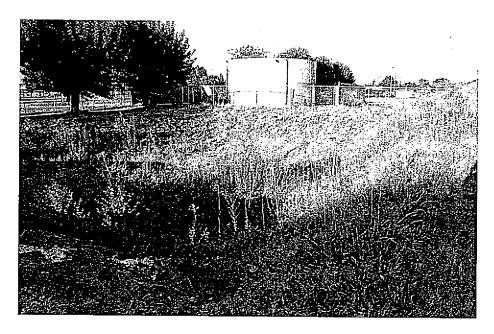


Figure 17. In this view northeast towards the water tank, it can be seen that the lowest portion of the storm water basin (the basin is in the small 0.5-acre portion of the proposed park site just north of the Earlimart Child Development Center and just west of the water tank) contains the most extensive stands of ruderal vegetation anywhere on the Project Site. Predominant ruderal vegetation here consists of lamb's quarters (gray-green plants at center left), dense green Johnsongrass and horseweed (growing at the bottom of the basin), and prickly lettuce (the tall, spindly plants growing in front of the Johnsongrass just below the center of the photograph).

The tallest stand of green annual ruderal vegetation, located near the south edge of the storm water basin, consisted primarily of Johnsongrass, Bermuda grass, prickly lettuce, and horseweed (Figure 18). The densest stand of dried, dead annual ruderal vegetation, located near the bottom of the storm water basin, consisted primarily of Italian rygrass, ripgut grass, and burclover (Figure 19). The only portion of the Project Site dominated by a native annual forb was a narrow (less than 2 meters wide), 42-foot long strip of small-flowered fiddleneck growing just east of the Earlimart Child Development Center and just south of the water tank (Figure 20).

Suitable habitat is not present for any of the 8 Special Status plant species in the survey area because there is no suitable (unaltered by regular disking) Valley Sink Scrub, Valley Saltbush Scrub, Valley Sacaton Grassland, [alkaline] Non-Native Grassland, Northern Claypan Vernal Pool, or alkali playa habitat to support these species. No individuals of these other 8 plant species (or their dried remains) were observed in the survey area.

There is no land on the Project Site that supports any typical examples of local native plant communities as described by Sawyer-Keeler-Wolf (1995) or Holland (1986). Quite the contrary, the Project Site has not been in condition to qualify as anything like natural habitat for at least 18



Figure 18. The tallest stand of green annual ruderal vegetation on the Project Site (located on the south bank of the storm water basin) was dominated by Bermuda grass (lower left), Johnsongrass (center), prickly lettuce (tall plants near the top of the bank just north of the Child Development Center fence), and horseweed (tall plants on the right).

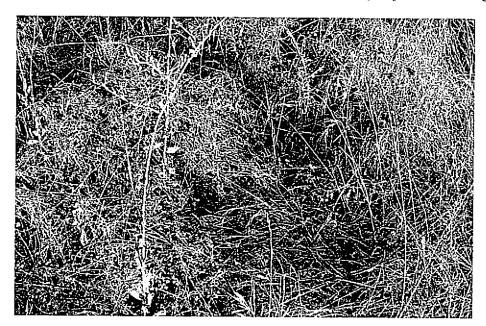


Figure 19. The densest stand of dried, dead annual ruderal vegetation (located near the bottom of the storm water basin) consisted primarily of burclover (left) and ripgut grass and Italian ryegrass (just below and just right of center).

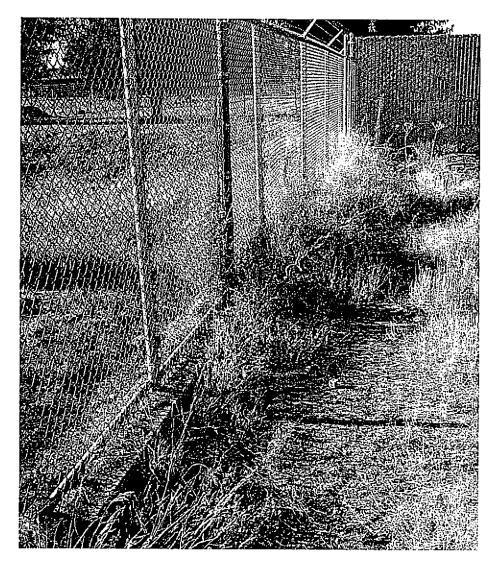


Figure 20. The only portion of the Project Site dominated by a native annual forb on the field survey day (August 24, 2012) was this narrow (less than 2 meters wide), 42-foot long strip of small-flowered fiddleneck growing just east of the Earlimart Child Development Center fence and just south of the water tank.

years (using GoogleEarth historical imagery). During a telephone call with the Director of Maintenance and Operations for Earlimart School District (Mike Fernandez, pers. commun.) on November 14, 2012, I learned that the site is routinely disked, usually twice each year and it gets used from time to time for carnivals (sponsored by the Earlimart Twon Council) and community circus events (sponsored by the Earlimart Youth Foundation). Three GoogleEarth historical images from September 14, 2004 (Figure 21), September 22, 2009 (Figure 22), and June 15, 2011 (Figure 23) provide ample documentation of the level of soil disturbance on the site ... physical

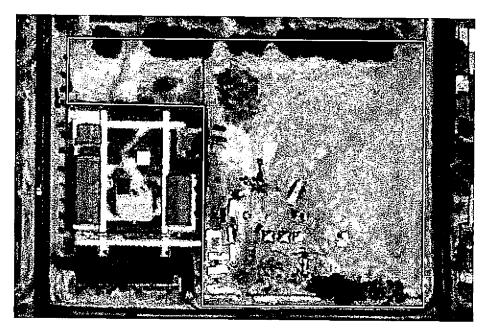


Figure 21. This September 14, 2004 GoogleEarth image of the Project Site (inside yellow border) shows some of the equipment and canopies associated with one of the annual Earlimart Youth Foundation sponsored circus events on the proposed park property.

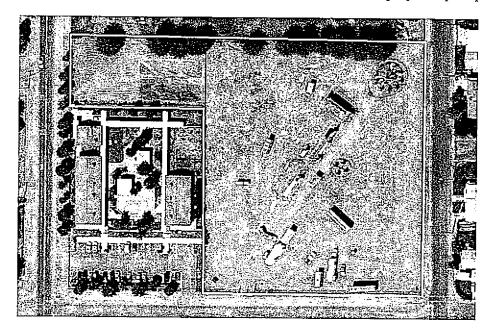


Figure 22. This September 22, 2009 GoogleEarth image of the Project Site (inside yellow border) shows some of the vehicles (including truck and trailer rigs), equipment, and amusement rides associated with that year's annual Earlimart Youth Foundation sponsored circus event on the proposed park property.

disturbance above and beyond daily pedestrian traffic across the site that leaves most of the site devoid of vegetation cover for most of the year.

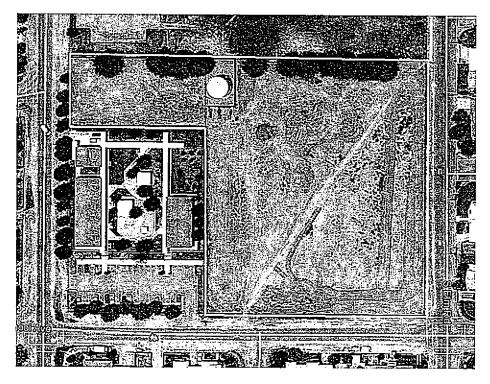


Figure 23. This June 15, 2011 GoogleEarth image of the Project Site (inside yellow border) shows, except for the 11 mulberry trees (slated for removal because of disease), how the entire 4-acre proposed Neighborhood Park site is nearly entirely devoid of vegetation and does not support examples of natural plant cover typical of any of the local native plant communities.

Wildlife

13 vertebrate species (11 bird species and two mammal species) were recorded on (or near) the Project Site (Appendix B). Most of the vertebrate species seen on (or near) the Project Site were birds, many of which are common and regionally abundant species. At least 7 of the 11 bird species detected were noted only as flyovers (seen in the air over or near the Project Site) and were likely present in the area because they were attracted to ornamental landscaping in adjacent residential neighborhoods or to the irrigated turfgrass on the Elementary School playground (located just north of the Project Site). There is no habitat present on the Project Site which is suitable for breeding by any of the Special Status wildlife species.

Because the Project Site is routinely disked, the survey area supports very few terrestrial vertebrates. California ground squirrel (*Otospermophilus beecheyi*), normally one of the most numerous small diurnal mammals in this part of Tulare County, appeared to be totally absent from the lands on the Project Site. The only mammals (or their sign) observed on the Project Site

included: 1) a small number of soil mounds of Botta's pocket gopher (*Thomomys bottae*); and 2) domestic dog (*Canis familaris*) tracks on a dirt road just south of the stockpiled fill dirt (Figure 13). The only sign of Botta's pocket gopher (a species usually abundant in local grassland habitats and even commonly found in ruderal habitats in the Tulare Basin) on the Project Site was just west of the water tank perimeter fence and just south of Earlimart Elementary School's irrigated turfgrass playground area (Figure 24). There was no sign of lizards, Audubon's cottontails (*Sylvilagus audubonii*), California ground squirrels, California meadow vole (*Microtus californicus*), or coyote (*Canis latrans*) on the Project Site ... and these are all common mammal species that would be expected even in ruderal habitats in this part of the Tulare Basin. Even

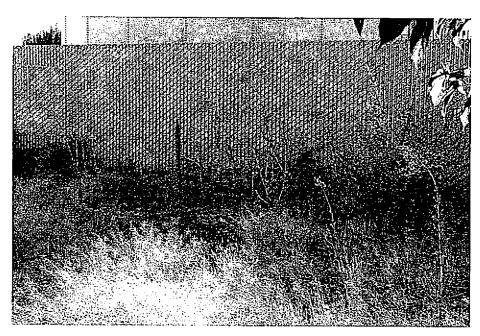


Figure 24. The only sign of Botta's pocket gopher (a fossorial rodent commonly found in ruderal habitats in the Tulare Basin) on the Project Site was here, just west of the water tank perimeter fence and just south of Earlimart Elementary School's irrigated turfgrass playground area

though 11 bird species were recorded during the field survey (visible on, in flight over, or near the Project Site), the nearly vegetation-free nature of most of the proposed park property limits the potential of the Project Site as breeding habitat to just this handful of resident bird species: killdeer (Charadrius vociferus), mourning dove (Zenaida macroura), western scrub-jay (Aphelocoma californica), American crow (Corvus brachyrhynchos), American robin (Turdus migratorius), European starling (Sternus vulgaris), brown-headed cowbird (Molothrus ater), house finch (Carpodacus mexicanus), and house sparrow (Passer domesticus). No evidence of raptors (diurnal and nocturnal birds of prey) was found during the survey and the only bird nests found were those built by house sparrows (Figure 25) inside a disconnected electrical meter box (Figure 26) just east of the Project Site's west boundary fence a short distance east of South Church Street.

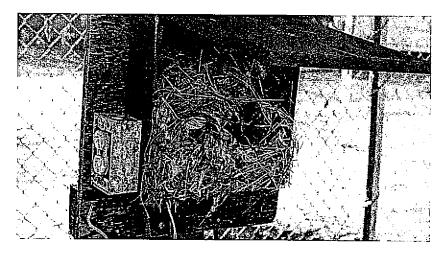


Figure 25. The only bird nests found during the August 24, 2012 field survey were those built by house sparrows inside this disconnected electrical meter box just east of the Project Site's west boundary fence (South Church Street is in the background).



Figure 26. House sparrows constructed their nests inside this disconnected electrical meter box attached to a utility pole at the west edge of the smaller (0.5-acre) rectangular portion of the proposed park. This fence constitutes the western (Church Street) edge of the park site between the Earlimart Child Development Center and the Earlimart Elementary School parking lot.

No San Joaquin kit fox were observed during this field survey. No evidence of San Joaquin kit fox denning activity was found anywhere on the Project Site during this biological evaluation. No known kit fox dens (or confirmed kit fox den sign) were detected on any of the transect surveys. There was also no evidence of kit fox tracks, kit fox scat, or bones (or other remains) from potential kit fox prey species anywhere on the Project Site.

4.0 Discussion

Vertebrates

None of the 61 Special Status animal species (Table 2) were observed on, near, or in flight over the Project Site on the field survey date (August 24, 2011).

Plants

None of the 8 Special Status plant species were observed on the Project Site during this survey.

Development of the proposed Project will have little or no effect on regional populations of the 61 Special Status animal species or on regional populations of any of the 8 Special Status plant species mentioned in this report (Table 2). The proposed Neighborhood Park Project Site does not provide important intrinsic habitat values for any of the 69 Special Status species. This approximately 4-acre site does not support any functional Valley Sink Scrub, Valley Saltbush Scrub, Valley Sacaton Grassland, [alkaline] Non-Native Grassland, Northern Claypan Vernal Pool, Marsh, Riparian, or alkali playa habitat so none of the Special Status plant or animal species associated with these habitats in this part of Tulare County is expected to be impacted by this proposed Neighborhood Park project. Such habitats are available to regional wildlife populations on other nearby federally-owned, state-owned, or private lands.

Avoidance and minimization mitigation measures (A&M/MMs) are listed below to help Applicant avoid or reduce potential impacts to Special Status species (including San Joaquin kit fox and listed birds and raptors including Swainson's hawk and burrowing owl).

General A&M/MMs that can be implemented by Applicant to avoid take during construction of this proposed Neighborhood Park facilities include:

1. Even though no positive sign of San Joaquin kit fox was observed during this biological evaluation, CDFG recommends that kit fox avoidance be performed prior to and during disturbance activities as a standard practice to help avoid or minimize impacts to this wide-ranging species. In the event that kit fox dens are established on the Project Site subsequent to this biological evaluation (August 24, 2012) or during Project-related site preparation (staging) and development work (construction), then appropriate sections of USFWS's Standardized Recommendations for Protection of the San Joaquin Kit Fox (1999) should be followed. This prudent course of action (this is the responsibility of the Applicant), routinely advocated by USFWS and CDFG, is recommended to avoid impacts to any kit foxes that might disperse onto the Project Site

and establish a den(s) between the end of this biological evaluation (August 24, 2012) and the commencement of site preparation (staging) and development work (construction).

- 2. If any portion of the work is scheduled during the 7-month general bird nesting season (February thru August), preconstruction nest surveys should be conducted prior to site preparation and development work.
- 3. If any portion of the work is scheduled during the February to August bird nesting season, spatial buffers and seasonal restrictions should be established to avoid impacts on nesting birds within any construction disturbance areas (should any nests be identified during the preconstruction surveys).

By following these avoidance and minimization measures during development of the proposed Neighborhood Park site, Applicant will have little potential to significantly impact any Special Status species or their habitat that may occur on the Project Site. It is my professional opinion that this proposed Neighborhood Park project will not significantly impact any special habitat features or Special Status species. Mr. Hansen anticipates that any impacts associated with this project will be minor and of short duration.

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- United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS). June 1999. San Joaquin Kit Fox Survey Protocol for the Northern Range and Standardized Recommendations for Protection of the San Joaquin Kit Fox. Sacramento Fish and Wildlife Office, Sacramento, California.

PERSONAL COMMUNICATION

Fernandez, Mike. Director of Maintenance and Operations. Earlimart School District. Earlimart, CA. November 14, 2012 – telephone conversation.

APPENDIX A: ANNOTATED CHECK LIST OF NATIVE AND INTRODUCED PLANTS SEEN ON 24 AUGUST, 2012 ON THE APPROXIMATELY 4 ACRES OF PROPERTY (TULARE COUNTY APN 381-084-01) UNDER CONSIDERATION AS THE EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK LOCATED AT 949 EAST SCHOOL AVENUE, EARLIMART, TULARE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Compiled by: Robert Hansen

Taxonomic nomenclature (except for several common names) and sequence of major taxonomic groups follows Hickman (1993). Within major taxa, Family and Genus names are listed alphabetically rather than in phylogenetic sequence.

Common names are principally those used by: Calflora (2011) - http://calphotos.berkeley.edu/flora/, and California State University, Stanislaus. 2006. Endangered Species Recovery Program. Draft Endangered, Threatened, and Candidate Species Manual for U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (CSUS website: http://esrp.csustan.edu/projects/lsm2/pdf/lsm096.pdf).

1B.2 = Plants listed by California Native Plant Society List as rare, threatened, or endangered in California and elsewhere; fairly threatened in California

N = a plant species Native to California (not an introduced, invasive, non-native or exotic species)

SCIENTIFIC NAME OF FAMILY.

Common Name of Family

Scientific Name of Species

Common Name(s) of Species

Amaranthaceae	Amaranth Family	
Amaranthus blitoides	prostrate amaranth (mat amaranth)	N
Anacardiaceae	Cashew Family	
Pistacia chinensis	Chinese pistache	
Asteraceae	Sunflower Family	
Conyza bonariensis	flax-leaved fleabane	
Conyza canadensis	horseweed or mare's tail	
Lactuca serriola	prickly lettuce	
Boraginaceae	Borage Family	
Amsinckia menziesii	small-flowered fiddleneck	N
Brassicaceae	Mustard Family	
Sisymbrium irio	London rocket	

Chénopodiaceae	Goosefoot Family	
Bassia hyssopifolia	fivehook Bassia	
Chenopodium album	lamb's quarters	
Salsola tragus	Russian thistle	
Fabaceae	Legume Ramily	Au fa fa f
Medicago polymorpha	burclover	
Malyaceae	Mallow Family	
Malva parviflora	cheeseweed	
Moraceae	Mulberry Family	
Morus alba	white mulberry	
Onagraceae	Evening Primrose Family	
Epilobium brachycarpum	annual fireweed	N
Oxalidaceae	Wood-Sorrel Family	
Oxalis pes-caprae	Bermuda buttercup	
Poaceae:	Grass Family	
Avena fatua	wild oat	
Bromus diandrus	ripgut grass	
Cynodon dactylon	Bermuda grass	
Echinochloa crus-galli	watergrass	
Hordeum murinum ssp. leporinum	hare barley	
Lolium multiflorum	Italian ryegrass	
Sorghum halepense	Johnsongrass	
Polygonaceae	Buckwheat Family	
Polygonum aviculare	prostrate knotweed	
Solanaceae	Nightshade Family	
Solanum americanum	American black nightshade	N
Solanum elaeagnifolium	white horse-nettle	
Zygophyllaceae	Caltrop Family	
Tribulus terrestris	puncture vine (caltrop)	

TOTAL Number of NATIVE Species (found on the surveyed property): 5
TOTAL Number of INTRODUCED Species (found on the surveyed property): 21

GRAND TOTAL OF ALL PLANT SPECIES FOUND ON THE SURVEYED PROPERTY:

APPENDIX B: ANNOTATED CHECK LIST OF NATIVE AND INTRODUCED VERTEBRATE ANIMALS SEEN ON 24 AUGUST, 2012 ON THE APPROXIMATELY 4 ACRES OF PROPERTY (TULARE COUNTY APN 381-084-01) UNDER CONSIDERATION AS THE EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK LOCATED AT 949 EAST SCHOOL AVENUE, EARLIMART, TULARE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Species "seen" includes species which were identified by tracks, dens, vocalizations, dead specimens, remains, and other sign.

ST = State Threatened

CSC = Calif. species of Special Concern

WL = American Bird Conservancy (and National Audubon Society) US WatchList of Birds of Conservation Concern

RJV = Riparian Habitat Joint Venture Focal Species

B = species that are known or suspected **Breeders** on the property

F = Flyovers (bird species seen or heard only in distant flight over or near the property ... not foraging either on or over the property)

N = an animal species Native to California (not an introduced, invasive, non-native, or exotic species)

Bird families and species are listed in phylogenetic order as presented in the 7th edition American Ornithologist's Union Check-list of North American Birds, and supplements.

SCIENTIFIC NAME OF FAMILY. Common Name of Family

Scientific Name of Species	Common Name of Species
----------------------------	------------------------

Class: AVES	Birds		
Family: CHARADRIIDAE	Plovers	李祥的	
Charadrius vociferus	killdeer	FB	N
Family: COLUMBIDAE	Pigeons and Doves	- 20 k	
Columba livia	rock pigeon	F	
Streptopelia decaocto	Eurasian collared-dove	FB	
Zenaida macroura	mourning dove	B	N
Family: CORVIDAE	Jays, Magpies, and Crows		
Aphelocoma californica	western scrub-jay	FB	N
Corvus brachyrhynchos	American crow	FB	N
Family: TURDIDAE	Thrushes		
Turdus migratorius	American robin	FB	N
Family: STURNIDAE	Starlings		
Sturnus vulgaris	European starling	В	N

Family: ICTERIDAE	Blackbirds, Orioles, and Allies	120
Molothrus ater	brown-headed cowbird F B	N
Family: FRINGILLIDAE	Finches	
Carpodacus mexicanus	house finch B	N
Family: PASSERIDAE	Old World Sparrows	
Passer domesticus	house sparrow B	N
Class: MAMMALIA	Mammals	
Family: GEOMYIDAE	Pocket Gophers	
Thomomys bottae	Botta's pocket gopher B	N
Family: CANIDAE	Foxes, Wolves, and Relatives	
Canis familiaris	domestic dog	or and the

VERTEBRATE SPECIES SEEN ON (or in flight over) OR FROM THE PROPERTY (TULARE COUNTY APN 381-084-01) UNDER CONSIDERATION AS THE EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK (Current as of 8-24-12)

BIRDS: 11 MAMMALS: 2

TOTAL NUMBER OF VERTEBRATE SPECIES: 13

ATTACHMENT "A"

SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT

Rule 9510 (Indirect Source Review) Analysis And Urbemis Model Results





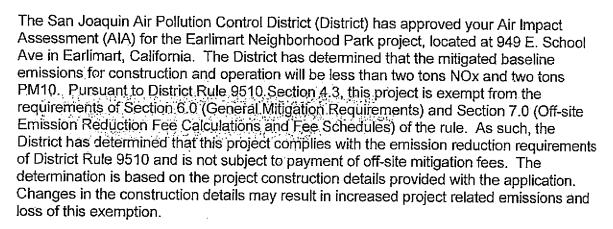
AUG 0-9 2012

Diana Poole OR Hector Guerra Tulare County Resource 5961 South Mooney Blvd Visalia, CA 93277

Re: Air Impact Assessment (AIA) Application Approval

ISR Project Number: C-20120127 Land Use Agency: County of Tulare Land Use Agency ID Number: Unknown

Dear Mr. Guerra:



To maintain this exemption you must comply with all mitigation measures identified in the enclosed Monitoring and Reporting Schedule. Please notify the District of any changes to the project as identified in the approved Air Impact Assessment for this project. If all or a portion of the project changes ownership, a completed Change in Developer form must be submitted to the District within thirty (30) days following the date of transfer.

Pursuant to District Rule 9510. Section 8.4, the District is providing you with the following information:

- A notification of AIA approval (this letter)
- A statement of tentative rule compliance (this letter)
- An approved Monitoring and Reporting Schedule

Seyed Sadredin

Executive Director/Air Pollution Control Officer

Northern Region 4800 Enterprise Way Modesto, CA 95356-8718 Tel: (209) 557-6400 FAX: (209) 557-6475

Central Region (Main Office) 1990 E. Gettysburg Avenue Fresno, CA 93726-0244 Tel: (559) 230-6000 FAX: (559) 230-6061

Southern Region 34946 Flyover Court Bakersfield, CA 93308-9725 Tel: 661-392-5500 FAX: 661-392-5585 . Thank you for your cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions, please contact Ms. Patia Siong at (559) 230-5930.

Sincerely,

David Warner

Director of Permits Services

Arnaud Marjollet

Permit Services Manager

DW: ps

Enclosures

CC:

SJVUAPCD

Indirect Source Review Complete Project Summary Sheet & Monitoring and Reporting Schedule

8/1/12 2:49 pm

Project Name:	EARLIMART NEIGHBORHOOD PARK	
Applicant Name:	COUNTY OF TULARE	
Project Location:	949 E. SCHOOL AVE	
	N.E. CORNER SCHOOL AVE & ELM RD	
	APN(s): 318-084-01	
Project Description:	LAND USE:	
	Recreation - 4 Acres - City Park	
	Recreation - 4 Acres - City Park	
	Recreation - 4 Acres - City Park	
	Recreation - 4 Acres - City Park	
	Recreation - 4 Acres - City Park	
	ACREAGE: 4	
ISR Project ID Number:	C-20120127	
Applicant ID Number:	C-300830	
Permitting Public Agency:	COUNTY OF TULARE	
Public Agency Permit No.		

Existing Emission Reduction Measures

Enforcing Agency	Measure	Quantification	Notes
None - Existing	Bus Service	1 Daily Weekday Busses within 1/4	
Measure	<u> </u>	mile of the site boundaries	
None - Existing	Streets Design	65.82 Nodes/square mile	
Measure		·	

Number of Existing Measures: 2

Non-District Enforced Emission Reduction Measures

Enforcing Agency	Measure	Specific Implementation	Source Of Requirements
TULARE	Sidewalk Coverage	50% sidewalks on both sides	
COUNTY		: 0% sidewalks on one side	
RESOURCE		·	
MANAGEMENT			
AGENCY			

Number of Non-District Enforced Measures: 1

District Enforced Emission Reduction Measures

Enforcing Agency Measure		Specific Implementation	Measure For	District Review
	•		Compliance	

SJVUAPCD

Indirect Source Review Complete Project Summary Sheet & Monitoring and Reporting Schedule

8/1/12 2:49 pm

(District Enforced Emission Reduction Measures Continued)

Enforcing Agency	<u> </u>	Specific Implementation	Measure For Compliance	District Review
SJVAPCD	Construction and Operation - Recordkeeping	For each project phase, all records shall be maintained on site during construction and for a period of ten years following either the end of construction or the issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, whichever is later. Records shall be made available for District inspection upon request.	(Compliance Dept. Review)	Ongoing
SJVAPCD	Construction and Operational Dates	For each project phase, maintain records of (1) the construction start and end dates and (2) the date of issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, if applicable.	(Compliance Dept. Review)	Ongoing
SJVAPCD	Construction and Operation - Exempt from Off-site Mitigation Fee	For each project phase, within 30-days of issuance of the first certificate of occupancy, if applicable, submit to the District a summary report of the construction start, and end dates, and the date of issuance of the first certificate of occupancy. Otherwise, submit to the District a summary report of the construction start and end dates within 30-days of the end of each phase of construction.	(Compliance Dept. Review)	Ongoing

Number of District Enforced Measures: 3

Off-site Emissions Estimator Worksheet

Applicant/Business Name:	Tulare County Resource Management Agency
Project Name:	Earlimart Neighborhood Park
Project Location:	949 E. School Ave., Earlimart
District Project ID No.:	20120127

		Required Offsite Reductions (tons)	0.0135	0,0225	0.0180	0.0135	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0675
	10	Achieved Onsite Reductions (tons)	0.0000	0,000	0.000	0.0000	0.000.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0	0,000	0.0000	0.0000
	PM10	Mitigated Baseline (TPY)	0.0300	0.0500	0.0400	0.0300							0.1500
		Unmitigated Baseline (TPY)	0.0300	0.0500	0.0400	0.0300							0.1500
Emissions		Required Offsite Reductions (tons)	0.1120	0,1660	0.1500	0.1120	0,000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5400
Project Construction Emissions	×C	Achleved Onsite Reductions (tons)	0.0000	0.0000	0,0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000
Project Cor	NOX	Mitigated Baseline (TPY)	0.5600	0.8300	0.7500	0.5600							2.7000
		Unmitigated Baseline (TPY)	0.5600	0,8300	0.7500	0.5600							2.7000
<u> </u>		Construction Start Date	09/01/2014	01/01/2015	01/01/2016	01/01/2017							Total
		ISR Phase	-	23	9	4	5	9	7	8	o	9	
		Project Phase Name	park construction	park construction	park construction	park construction							

	otal Achie	Total Achieved On-Site Reductions (tons)	ductions (tons)
<u></u>	ISR Phase	NOX	PM10
	1	0.0000	0.0000
	2	0.000	0.000
	3	0.000	0.000
	4	0.0000	0.000.0
	S.	0.0000	0.0000
	9	0.000	0.0000
;	7	0.0000	0.0000
	8	0.0000	0.000
	6	0.000	0.000
	10	0.000	0.0000
_;	Total	0.0000	0.000

	Ţoţ	<u> </u>												ř
		Required Offsite Reductions	(tons)	00000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0500	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.0500
	10	Achieved Onsite Reductions	(tons)	00000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000
	PM10	Mitigated Baseline	(TPY)					0.0100						0.0100
opile)		Unmitigated Baseline	(TPY)					0.0100						0.0100
Project Operations Emissions (Area + Mobile)		Required Offsite Reductions	(tons)	0.0000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0250	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0250
	NOx	Achieved Onsite Reductions	(tons)	0.000	0,000	0.000	0.0000	0.000	0.000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.000.0
- V 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	N	Mitigated Baseline	(TPY)					0.0100						0.0100
ا باوردا		Unmitigated Baseline	(TPY)					0.0100						0.0100
		Operation Start Date						11/01/2017						Total
		ISR Phase		-	2	3	4	5	6	_	В	6	9	
		Project Phase Name						park operation						

Total Requ	Total Required Off-Site Reductions (tons)	ductions (tons)
ISR Phase	NOx	PM10
-	0.1120	0.0135
2	0.1660	0.0225
3	0.1500	0.0180
4	0.1120	0.0135
5	0.0250	0.0500
9	0.000	0.000
7	0.0000	0.000
8	0.000	0.000
6	0.000	0.000
10	0.0000	0.000
Total	0.5650	0.1175

Note: TPY = Tons Per Year

From:

Patia Siong <Patia.Siong@valleyair.org>

To:

"hguerra@co.tulare.ca.us" <hguerra@co.tulare.ca.us>

Date:

08/01/2012 4:01 PM

Subject:

5-day review: Indirect Source Review application for the Earlimart Neighborhood Park -

project# 20120127

Attachments: 20120127 Urbemis Combined Annual.pdf; 20120127 fee_est_r2012 - 5 day review.xls

Good afternoon Hector,

This is regarding the Indirect Source Review Air Impact Assessment application for the project noted above. You have requested for a 5-day review period to review a draft of District's analysis of the project before it is finalized. Per your request, attached is the analysis result. The analysis shows that there is no off-site mitigation fee.

Attachments:

Project total emissions and Off-site Fee estimation

(2) Model results

Please provide me your changes or questions on the analysis by end of August 8, 2012. If you have no changes or no comment is received on the analysis, the ISR project evaluation will be finalized pending Management's approval. Please give me a call at 559-230-5930 at your convenience if you have any questions.

Thank you, Patia Siong Sr. Air Quality Specialist San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (559) 230-5930 (559) 230-6061 Fax

8/1/2012 2:31:53 PM

Urbernis 2007 Version 9.2.4

Combined Annual Emissions Reports (Tons/Year)

File Name: G:\PER\|SR\PROJECTS\2012\20120127\20120127\urb924

Project Name: 20120127

Project Location: Tulare

On-Road Vehicle Emissions Based on: Version : Emfac2007 V2.3 Nov 1 2006

Off-Road Vehicle Emissions Based on: OFFROAD2007

Summary Report:

CONSTRUCTION EMISSION ESTIMATES

	NOX P	PM10 Dust PM10 Exhaust	x <u>h</u> aus(<u>PM10</u>
2014 TOTALS (tons/year unmitigated)	0.56	0.23	0.03	0.26
2014 TOTALS (tons/year mitigated)	99'0	0,23	0.03	0.26
Percent Reduction	0.00	00.00	0.00	0.00
2015 TOTALS (tons/year unmitigated)	0.83	0.00	0.05	0.05
2015 TOTALS (tons/year mitigated)	0.83	0.00	0.05	0.05
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2016 TOTALS (tons/year unmitigated)	0.75	0.00	0.04	0.05
2016 TOTALS (tons/year mitigated)	0.75	0.00	0.04	0.05
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
2017 TOTALS (tons/year unmitigated)	0.56	0.00	0.03	0.03

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0.03	0.00
0.03	00.0
00'0	0.00
0.56	0.00
2017 TOTALS (tons/year mitigated)	Percent Reduction

AREA SOURCE EMISSION ESTIMATES			
	XON	PM10	
TOTALS (tons/year, unmitigated)	0.00	0.00	
TOTALS (tons/year, mitigated)	00.0	0.00	
Percent Reduction	NaN	NaN	
OPERATIONAL (VEHICLE) EMISSION ESTIMATES			

	Ň	<u>PM10</u>
TOTALS (tons/year, unmitigated)	0.01	0.01
TOTALS (tons/year, mitigated)	0.01	0.01
Percent Reduction	0.00	0.00
SUM OF AREA SOURCE AND OPERATIONAL EMISSION ESTIMATES	TIMATES	
	×ON	PM10

0.01

0.01

TOTALS (tons/year, unmitigated)
TOTALS (tons/year, mitigated)

0.00

Construction Unmitigated Detail Report:

Percent Reduction

CONSTRUCTION EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Unmitigated

PM10
PM10 Exhaust
PM10 Dust
Ň

Page: 3				
8/1/2012 2:31:53 PM				
2014	0.56	0.23	0.03	0.26
Fine Grading 09/01/2014- 10/01/2014	0.22	0.23	0.01	0.24
Fine Grading Dust	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.23
Fine Grading Off Road Diesel	0.22	0.00	0.01	0.01
Fine Grading On Road Diesel	0.00	00:00	0.00	0.00
Fine Grading Worker Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Asphalt 11/01/2014-12/25/2014	0.19	00.0	0.02	0.02
Paving Off∗Gas	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00
Paving Off Road Diesel	0.19	0.00	0.01	0.01
Paving On Road Diesel	0.00	0.00	00.00	0.00
Paving Worker Trips	0.00	0.00	00.0	0.00
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.15	0.00	0.01	0.01
Building Off Road Diesel	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.01
Building Vendor Trips	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
2015	0.83	0.00	90.0	0.05
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.83	0.00	0.05	0.05
Building Off Road Diesel	0.79	0.00	0.05	0.05
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.01

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2016	0.75	0.00	0.04	0.05
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.75	00.00	0.04	0.05
Building Off Road Diesel	0.72	0.00	0.04	0.04
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	00'0	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
2017	0.56	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.56	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building Off Road Diesel	0.54	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
Coating 07/14/2017-10/31/2017	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Architectural Coating	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coating Worker Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Phase Assumptions

Phase: Fine Grading 9/1/2014 - 10/1/2014 - Default Fine Site Grading Description

Total Acres Disturbed: 4

Maximum Daily Acreage Disturbed; 1

Fugitive Dust Level of Detail: Default

20 lbs per acre-day

On Road Truck Travel (VMT): 0 Off-Road Equipment:

1 Graders (174 hp) operating at a 0.61 load factor for 6 hours per day

1 Rubber Tired Dozers (357 hp) operating at a 0.59 load factor for 6 hours per day

1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes (108 hp) operating at a 0.55 load factor for 7 hours per day

1 Water Trucks (189 hp) operating at a 0.5 load factor for 8 hours per day

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Phase: Paving 11/1/2014 - 12/25/2014 - Default Paving Description

Acres to be Paved: 1

Off-Road Equipment:

4 Cement and Mortar Mixers (10 hp) operating at a 0.56 load factor for 6 hours per day

1 Pavers (100 hp) operating at a 0.62 load factor for 7 hours per day

1 Rollers (95 hp) operating at a 0.56 load factor for 7 hours per day

1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes (108 hp) operating at a 0.55 load factor for 7 hours per day

Phase: Building Construction 11/1/2014 - 10/31/2017 - Default Building Construction Description Off-Road Equipment:

1 Cranes (399 hp) operating at a 0.43 load factor for 4 hours per day

2 Forklifts (145 hp) operating at a 0.3 load factor for 6 hours per day

1 Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes (108 hp) operating at a 0.55 load factor for 8 hours per day

Phase: Architectural Coating 7/14/2017 - 10/31/2017 - Default Architectural Coating Description Rule: Residential Interior Coatings begins 1/1/2005 ends 12/31/2040 specifies a VOC of 130 Rule: Residential Exterior Coatings begins 1/1/2005 ends 12/31/2040 specifies a VOC of 130 Rule: Nonresidential Interior Coatings begins 1/1/2005 ends 12/31/2040 specifies a VOC of 250 Rule: Nonresidential Exterior Coatings begins 1/1/2005 ends 12/31/2040 specifies a VOC of 250

Construction Mitigated Detail Report:

CONSTRUCTION EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Mitigated

NOx PM10 Dust PM10 Exhaust

PM10

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2014	0.56	0.23	0.03	0.26
Fine Grading 09/01/2014- 10/01/2014	0.22	0.23	0.01	0.24
Fine Grading Dust	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.23
Fine Grading Off Road Diesel	0.22	00'0	0.01	0.01
Fine Grading On Road Diesel	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
. Fine Grading Worker Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Asphalt 11/01/2014-12/25/2014	0.19	0.00	0.02	0.02
Paving Off-Gas	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Paving Off Road Diesel	0.19	0.00	0.01	0.01
Paving On Road Diesel	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Paving Worker Tríps	0.00	0.00	0.00	00'0
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.15	0.00	0.01	0.01
Building Off Road Diesel	0.14	0.00	0.01	0.01
Building Vendor Trips	00.00	0.00	00.00	00.0
Building Worker Trips	0.01	0.00	0.00	00.0
2015	0.83	0.00	0.05	0.05
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.83	0.00	0.05	90.0
Building Off Road Diesel	0.79	0.00	0.05	0.05
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.04	0.00	00.00	0.01

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2016	0.75	0.00	0.04	0.05
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.75	0.00	0.04	0.05
Building Off Road Diesel	0.72	0.00	0.04	0.04
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	00'0	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
2017	0.56	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building 11/01/2014-10/31/2017	0.56	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building Off Road Diesel	0.54	0.00	0.03	0.03
Building Vendor Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Building Worker Trips	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.01
Coating 07/14/2017-10/31/2017	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Architectural Coating	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coating Worker Trips	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Construction Related Mitigation Measures

The following mitigation measures apply to Phase: Architectural Coating 7/14/2017 - 10/31/2017 - Default Architectural Coating Description For Nonresidential Architectural Coating Measures, the Nonresidential Exterior: Use Low VOC Coatings mitigation reduces emissions by:

For Nonresidential Architectural Coating Measures, the Nonresidential Interior: Use Low VOC Coatings mitigation reduces emissions by:

ROG: 45.6%

ROG: 45.6%

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Area Source Unmitigated Detail Report;

AREA SOURCE EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Unmitigated

Unmitigated	PM10	00.00	0.00	0.00			00.0	
nnual Tons Per Year,	XON	00.0	0.00	0.00			0.00	
AKEA SOURCE EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Unmitigated	Source	Natural Gas	Hearth	Landscape	Consumer Products	Architectural Coatings	TOTALS (tons/year, unmitigated)	

Area Source Mitigated Detail Report:

AREA SOURCE EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Miligated

	180-0	Daile Brillia
Source	XON	PM10
Natural Gas	00'0	0.00
Hearth	0.00	0.00
Landscape	0.00	0.00
Consumer Products		
Architectural Coatings		
TOTALS (tons/year, mitigated)	0.00	0.00

Area Source Mitigation Measures Selected

Percent Reduction	45.60	45.60
Mitigation Description	For Nonresidential Interior Use Low VOC Coating	For Nonresidential Exterior Use Low VOC Coating

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Area Source Changes to Defaults

Operational Unmitigated Detail Report:

OPERATIONAL EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Unmitigated

NOX PM10	0.01 0.01	0.01 0.01
Source	Oity park	TOTALS (tons/year, unmitigated)

Operational Mitigated Detail Report:

OPERATIONAL EMISSION ESTIMATES Annual Tons Per Year, Miligated

PM10	0.01	0.01
XON	0.01	0.01
Source	City park	TOTALS (tons/year, mitigated)

Operational Mitigation Options Selected

Residential Mitigation Measures

Nonresidential Mittoation Measures

Non-Residential Local-Serving Retail Mitigation

Percent Reduction in Trips is 2%

Inputs Selected:

The Presence of Local-Serving Retail checkbox was selected.

Non-Residential Transit Service Mitigation

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Nonresidential Mitigation Measures

Percent Reduction in Trips is 0.01%

Inputs Selected:

The Number of Daily Weekday Buses Stopping Within 1/4 Mile of Site is 1

The Number of Daily Rail or Bus Rapid Transit Stops Within 1/2 Mile of Site is 0

The Number of Dedicated Daily Shuttle Trips is 0

Non-Residential Pedestrian/Bicycle Friendliness Mitigation

Percent Reduction in Trips is 0.9%

The Number of Intersections per Square Mile is 66 Inputs Selected:

The Percent of Streets with Sidewalks on One Side is 50%

The Percent of Streets with Sidewalks on Both Sides is 0%

The Percent of Arterials/Collectors with Bike Lanes or where Suitable,

Direct Parallel Routes Exist is 0%

Operational Settings:

Includes correction for passby trips

Does not include double counting adjustment for Internal trips

Analysis Year: 2017 Season: Annual

Emfac: Version: Emfac2007 V2.3 Nov 1 2006

Page: 11 8/1/2012 2:31:53 PM Summary of Land Uses

			7. A.	K				
Land Use Type	4	Acreage	Trip Rate	Unit Type	No. Units	Total Trips	Total VMT	
City park			1.59	acres	4.00	6.36	36.19	
						6.36	36.19	
		Ν̈́	Vehicle Fleet Mix	∨ ı				
Vehicle Type		Percent Type	be	Non-Catalyst		Catalyst	Diesel	
Light Auto		40	40.5	0.2		99.8	0.0	
Light Truck < 3750 lbs		14	14.3	0.7		95.8	3.5	
Light Truck 3751-5750 lbs		21	21.3	0.5		99.5	0.0	
Med Truck 5751-8500 lbs		12	12.2	0.8		99.2	0.0	
Lite-Heavy Truck 8501-10,000 lbs		6	2.3	0.0		73.9	26.1	
Lite-Heavy Truck 10,001-14,000 lbs		-	1.0	0.0		50.0	50.0	
Med-Heavy Truck 14,001-33,000 lbs		τ-	1.3	0.0		15.4	84.6	
Heavy-Heavy Truck 33,001-60,000 lbs		τ-	1.7	0.0		0.0	100.0	
Other Bus		0	0.1	0.0		0.0	100.0	
Urban Bus		0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	
Motorcycle		4	4.1	43.9		56.1	0.0	
School Bus		0	0.2	0.0		0.0	100.0	
Motor Home		_	1.0	0.0		90.0	10.0	
		Ira	<u>Travel Conditions</u>	eol.				
		Residential				Commercial		
	Home-Work	Home-Shop		Home-Other	Commute	Non-Work	Customer	
Urban Trip Length (miles)	10.8		7.3	7.5	9.5	7.4	7.4	

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		Travel Conditions	itions		
		Residential			Commercial
	Home-Work	Home-Shop	Home-Other	Commute	Non-Work
Rural Trip Length (miles)	16.8	7.1	7.9	14.7	9.9
Trip speeds (mph)	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0
% of Trips - Residential	32.9	18.0	49.1		
% of Trips - Commercial (by land use)					
City park				5.0	2.5

6.6 35.0

Customer

Operational Changes to Defaults

92.5

ATTACHMENT "B"

California Historical Resources Information Center (CHRIS), Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center Letter

CALIFORNIA HISTORICAL RESOURCES INFORMATION SYSTEM



FRESNO KERN KINGS MADERA TULARE Southern San Joaquin Valley
Information Center
California State University, Bakersfield
Mail Stop: 46 MEC
9001 Stockdale Highway
Bakersfield, California 93311-1022
(661) 654-2289 FAX (661) 654-2415
E-mail: ssjvic@csub.edu

TO:

Diana Poole

(RS# 12-213)

Tulare County Resource Management Agency

5961 South Mooney Blvd.

Visalia, CA 93277

DATE:

July 6, 2012

RE:

Earlimart Neighborhood Parks Project, State Parks & Recreation Department

Contract No. 619.0-SW-54-004

CO:

Tulare

MAP(s):

Delano West & Pixley 7.5's

CULTURAL RESOURCES RECORDS SEARCH

The following are the results of a search of the cultural resources site record files at the Southern San Joaquin Valley Information Center. These files include known and recorded archaeological and historic sites, inventory and excavation reports filed with this office, and properties listed on the National Register of Historic Places, The Historic Property Data File (4/5/12) the California Historical Landmarks, The California Register, the California Inventory of Historic Resources and the California Points of Historical Interest.

PRIOR CULTURAL RESOURCE INVENTORIES WITHIN THE PROJECT AREA AND A ONE-HALF MILE RADIUS

According to the information in our files there have been no previous cultural resources studies conducted within the project area. There have been eight (8) cultural resources studies conducted within a one-half mile radius, TU-102, 379, 422, 1025, 1122, 1324, 1380, and 1469

KNOWN CULTURAL RESOURCES WITHIN THE PROJECT AREAS AND A ONE-HALF MILE RADIUS

There are no recorded cultural resources within the project area or within a one-half mile radius and it is not known if any exist there. Please not that no data does not mean negative data.

There are no known/recorded cultural resources within the project area or a one-half mile radius, that are listed in the National Register of Historic Places, The California Register, California State Landmarks, California Inventory of Historic Resources or the California Points of Historical Interest.

COMMENTS/RECOMMENDATIONS

We understand this project consists of development of the new Earlimart Neighborhood Park. If the subject property is currently vacant and no underground utilities are currently in place, we recommend a qualified, professional archaeologist conduct a field survey of the property, prior to ground disturbance, to determine if cultural resources are present. If the property has been developed or underground utilities are in place, no further cultural resources investigation is needed at this time. However, if cultural resources are unearthed during ground disturbance activities, all work must halt in the area of the find and a qualified, professional archaeologist should be called out to assess the findings and make the appropriate mitigation recommendations. A referral list is available at www.chrisinfo.org. If you have any questions or need additional information, please don't hesitate to contact our office at (661) 654-2289.

By liberal thousand

Brian E. Hemphill, Ph. D.

Coordinator

Date: July 6, 2012

Fee: \$225.00/hr. (Priority Service)

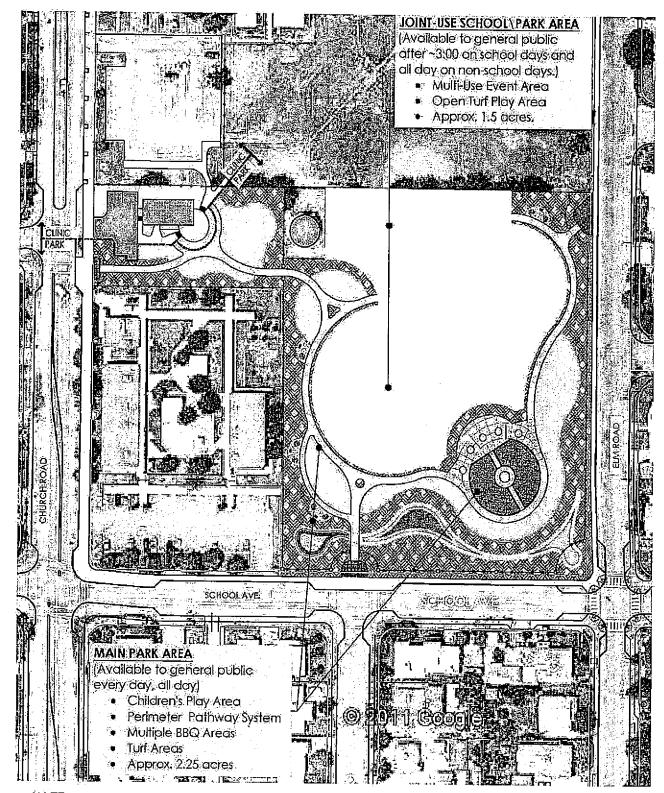
8 1 P 1 3

Please note that invoices for Information Center services will be sent under separate cover from the California State University, Bakersfield Accounting Office.

ATTACHMENT "C"

Draft Conceptual Park Plan

Draft Conceptual Park Plan



NOTE:

This plan is intended to demonstrate the general arrangement of major project scope items on the modified site. Trees are intentionally omitted for drawing clarity purposes. Trees will be planted as described in the grant application and generally as illustrated in the original concept plan.

No Scale

ATTACHMENT "D"

Notice of Determination

NOTICE OF DETERMINATION

	overnment Code Section 6301	
To: Office of Planning and	Research	
U.S. Mail:	Street Address:	
P.O. Box 3044	1400 Tenth St., Rm 113	
Sacramento, CA 95812	-3044 Sacramento, CA 95814	
	e County Resource Management Agency	
	South Mooney Boulevard	
Visa	ia, CA 93277	
Applicant(s): Coun	y of Tulare Resource Management Agency	v, 5961 So. Mooney Blvd. Visalia, CA 93277 (559) 624-7000
Subject: Filing of No	ice of Determination in Compliance with	Section 21108 or 21152 of the Public Resources Code
Project Title: Earlin	nart Neighborhood Park	
State Clearinghouse N		
Contact Person: Diam	ia Poole	Telephone Number: 559-624-7000
Project Location: 318-084-001, Section 3	Northeast corner of Church Road and 4, Township 23 S, Range 25 E, MDB&M	School Avenue in the unincorporated community of Earlimart, APN
Project Description/C Residential) Zone.	ase File No: A neighborhood park on an	8.46-acre portion of APN: 318-084-001 in the R-I (Single Family
THE STATE OF THE S	MVT 122 CONTINUE	
September 12, 2012 a	TULARE COUNTY PLANNING COMI nd has made the following determinations n) will (X) will not have a significant adver-	MISSION has approved the above-described project on regarding the above-described project: se impact on the environment.
2. () A Fin	al Environmental Impact Report was prepa	red for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
(X) A Ne	gative Declaration was prepared for this pr	oject pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.
The e 5961	nvironmental document and record of proje S Mooney Blvd., Visalia CA 93277	ect approval may be examined at:
3. Mitigation Me	asures () were (X) were not made a con	dition of approval of the project.
4. A Statement of	Overriding Considerations () was (X)	was not adopted for the project.
Ву:		
Hector Guerra Chief Environ	nental Planner	•
Ву:		(X) Dept of Fish & Game Fees Req'd
Michael C. Spa		() E.I.R.
	Assessment Officer	() MND .
Assistant Direc	tor - Planning	(X) N.D.
Filed with the Tulare Co	unty Clerk on, 2012.	
cc: California. Dept. of	Fish & Game, 1416 Ninth St., 12 th Floor, S	acramento, CA 95814

Note: Authority cited: Section 21083, Public Resource Code; Reference: Sections 21108, 21152 and 21167, Public Resource Code.

ATTACHMENT "E" CEQA Compliance Certification



CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT (CEQA) Compliance Certification Form

Grantee/Applicant: County of Tulare	Project Nai	ne: <u>Earlimart Neigl</u>	nborhood Park
Project Address: 949 E. School Ave.,	Earlimart, CA	A 93219	
When was CEQA analysis completed	for this proj	ject? Date <u>01/29/2</u>	<u>2013</u>
What document(s) was filed for this p	roject's CE	QA analysis: (che	ck all that apply)
□Initial Study □Notice of Exem	ıption √Ne	gative Declaration	☐Mitigated Negative Declaration
□Environmental Impact Report	✓Other: <u>No</u>	tice of Determination	<u>on</u>
Please attach the <u>Notice of Exemption</u> If these forms were not completed pleasexplaining why, certifying the project the project was approved by the Lead	ease attach : has compli	a letter from the L	ead Agency
Lead Agency Contact Information:			
Agency Name: County of Tulare- Resou	rce Manager	ment Agency Cont	act Person: <u>Diana</u>
Mailing Address: 5961 S. Mooney Blvd.	<u>, Visalia, CA</u>	<u>93277</u>	
Phone: (559) 624-7074 Email: dpoole	e@co.tulare.	ca.us	
Certification: I hereby certify that the Lead Agency list California Environmental Quality Act (CE project is described in adequate and suf acquisition.	EQA) for the properties of the	project identified ab to allow the project	ove and that the s construction or
I certify that the CEQA analysis for this p completed with grant funds.	project encon	npasses all aspects	of the work to be
Authorized Representative	 Date	Michael C. Spata Environmental As Authorized Repre	

(Printed Name and Title)

(Signature)